OR BOOK

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AMENDMENT OF DECLARATION OF CONDOMINIUM OF CHARDONNAY AT THE VINEYARDS, A CONDOMINIUM

Amendment made this 15th day of September, 1989, by CHARDONNAY JOINT VENTURE, a Florida general partnership, hereinafter called the Developer, for itself and its successors, grantees and assigns.

The Declaration of Condominium of Chardonnay at the Vineyards, a Condominium, as recorded in O.R. Book 1459, Pages 2319 through 2405, Public Records of Collier County, Florida, allows the Developer, Chardonnay Joint Venture, in Section 21.4 to amend the Declaration and its exhibits in any manner necessary and convenient to the Development process.

Whereas the Developer wishes to amend said Declaration for the purpose of showing Substantial Completion of Building 6045.

Now, therefore, the Developer hereby amends the aforesaid Declaration by substituting a new page 1, Exhibit "B", for the previously recorded page 1, Exhibit "B", a new page 2, Exhibit "B", for the previously recorded page 2, Exhibit "B", and by adding a new page page 6, Exhibit B, all to reflect Substantial Completion of Building 6045.

In witness whereof, the Developer has executed this Amendment the day and year first above written.

Signed in the Presence of

CHARDONNAY AT THE VINEYARDS a Florida general partnership

By: AMFRICAN VENTURE ASSOCIATES CORPORATION, a Florida corporation,

General Partner

BY_ Midler, President

NYCON ASSOCIATES, INC. a Florida corporation,

General Partner

THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH

Martin Berry, President

Foreyth, Sailmab & A. & P.A. 600 Fifth Avenue South, #210 Naples, Florida 33940

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF COLLIER

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this 15th day of September, 1989, by Jeffrey Miller, President of American Venture Associates Corporation, a Florida corporation, general partner in Chardonnay Joint Venture, a general partnership, on behalf of the corporation.

Hotary Public (S

(Seal)

My Commission Expires:

STATE OF New york.



BLY D. THOMAS Uy Comm. expires Murch (1994) Bonded thru Nobry Paper Unders 1

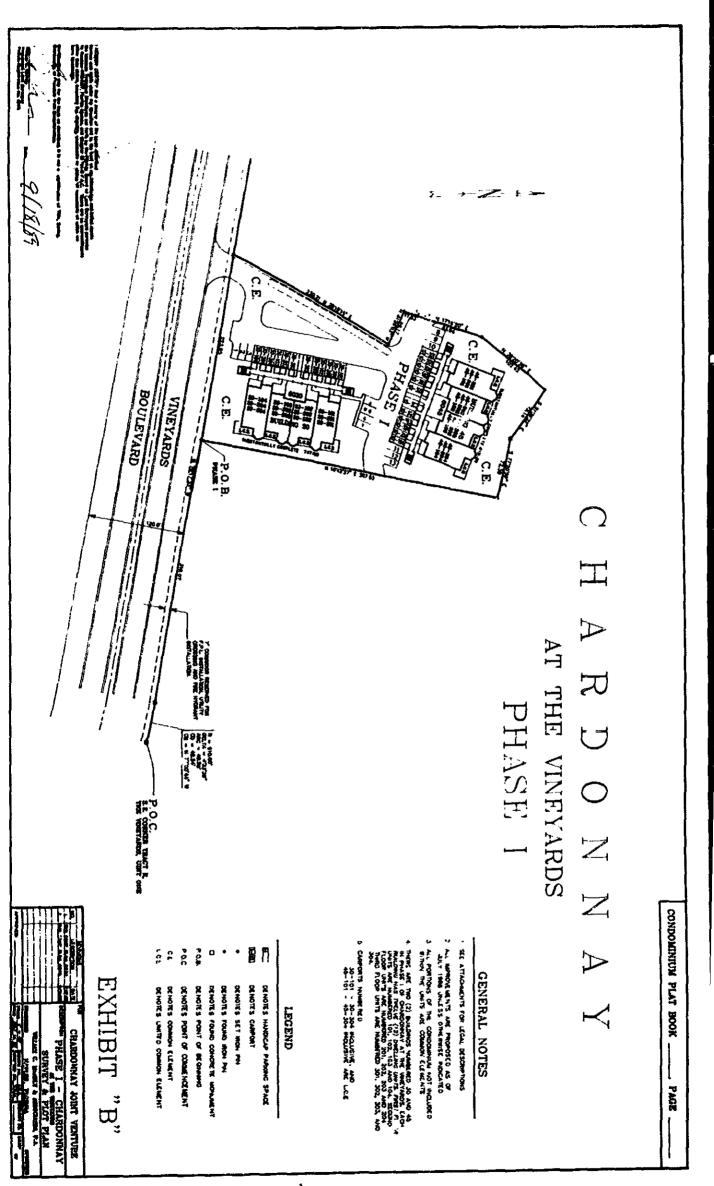
The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this 14 day of September, 1989, by Martin Berry, President of Nycon Associates, Inc., a Plorida corporation, general partner in Chardonnay Joint Venture, a general partnership, on behalf of the corporation.

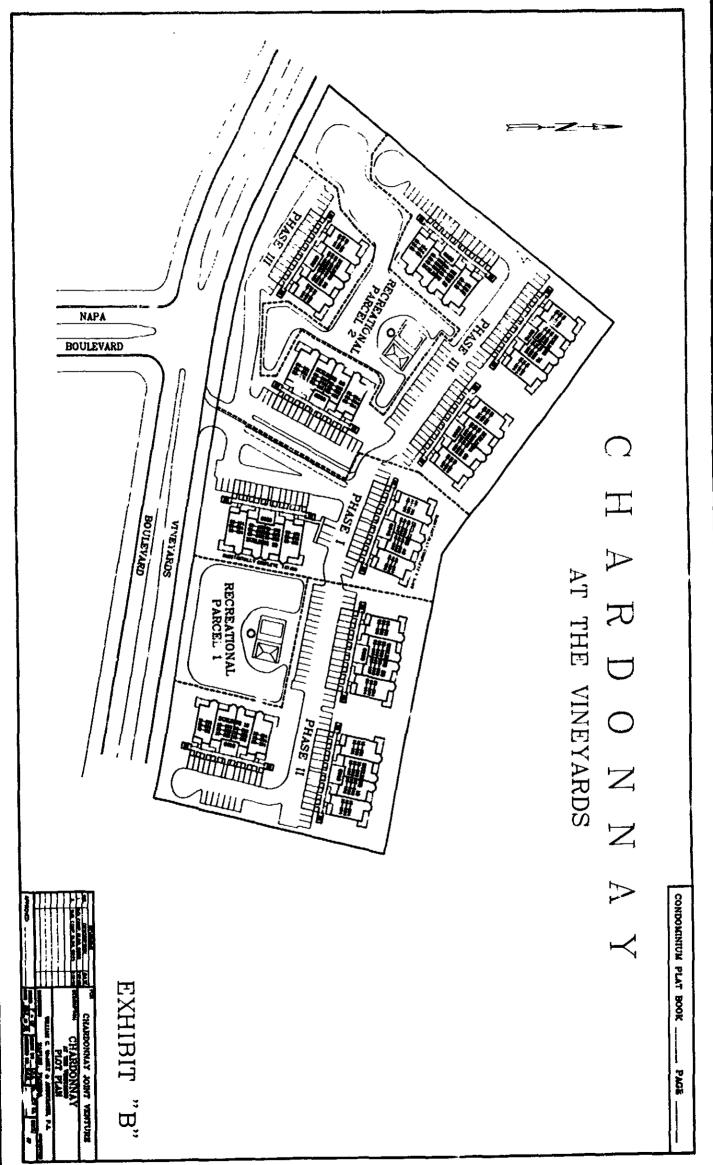
Michele G. Notary Public

Lemel 10)

My Commission Expires:

MICHELE A. LECNELLO
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 4928091
Quelified in Cayuga County
Ostanization Expires Duty 1991





WILLIAM C. McANLY AND ASSOCIATES, P.A.

PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS PLANNERS & LAND SURVEYORS

SHIFT TAMEAMETRALE FAST SUFFE 212

NAPLES FLORIDA 17962

TELEPHONE NUTTS (12)

TELECOPER NUTTS (12)

SURVEYORS CERTIFICATE OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

CERTIFICATE OF SURVEYOR made this 13th day of September,

This certificate is made as to Building 6045 of Chardonnay, at the Vineyards, Phase I, a Condominium, located at Naples, Collier County, Florida, pursuant to Section 718.104 (4) (e), Florida Statutes.

I, William C. McAnly, a Land Surveyor authorized to practice in the State of Florida, hereby certify that the construction of the above-referenced buildings, and all planned improvements, including but not limited to the landscaping, utility services, access to the units and common element facilities serving the buildings, have been substantially completed, so that the material attached to the Declaration of Condominium as Exhibit "B", together with the provisions of the Declaration describing the condominium property, is an accurate regresentation of the location and dimensions of the improvement, and that the identification, location and dimensions of the common elements and of each unit can be determined from these materials.

Prepared by:

William C. McAnly, P.L.S. Florida Reg., No. 1543 Date: // Z/FC

0 1 3 6 0 7 9 2 COLLIER COUNTY

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OR BOOK

AMENDMENT TO DECLARATION OF CONDOMINIUM OF CHARDONNAY AT THE VINEYARDS, A CONDOMINIUM

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IND

Amendment made this the day of th

The Declaration of Condominium of Chardonnay at the Vineyards, a Condominium, as recorded in O.R. Book 1459, Pages 2319 through 2405, Public Records of Collier County, Florida, allows the Developer, Chardonnay Joint Venture, in Section 21.4 to amend the Declaration and its exhibits in any manner necessary and convenient to the Development process.

The Declaration of Condominium of Chardonnay at the Vineyards is hereby amended to add as Exhibit $^{11}A^{11}$ the Consent of Mortgages.

In witness whereof, the Developer has executed this Amendment the day and year first above written.

Signed in the Presence of

CHARDONNAY JOINT VENTURE a Florida general partnership

By: AMERICAN VENTURE ASSOCIATES CORPORATION, a Florida corporation, General

The Market

Jeffre Miller, President

NYCON ASSOCIATES, INC. a Florida corporation, General Partner

By Martin Berry, President

Jet st Indered

Ectum To: 11/1/ Forsyth, Swalm & Brugger, P.A. 600 Fifth Avenue South, #210 7 Naples, Florida 33340 STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF COLLIER

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this 1/1 day of 1) (1,1) , by Jeffrey Miller, President of American Venture Associates Corporation, a Florida corporation, general partner in Chardonnay Joint Venture, a general partnership, on behalf of the general partnership.

ROBYN MOX State of Floring My Comm Ean Jan Mers

Notary Public

(Seal)

My Commission Expires:

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF COLLIER

Notary Public

My Commission Expires:

MOTARY PURIS, STATE OF MORIDA AT LARGE! MY COMMISSION EXPRESS DECEMBER 25, 1499 BONDED THRU HUCHEBERRY & ASSOCIATES

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CONSENT OF MORTGAGEE

The undersigned as owner and holder of a Mortgage and Security Agreement from CHARDONNAY JOINT VENTURE, a Florida general partnership, dated June 4, 1988, and recorded on June 7, 1988, at O.R. Book 1355, Pages 1867 through 1892, inclusive, of the Public Records of Collier County, Florida, securing one promissory note dated June 4, 1988, encumbering the land therein described, being in part the land which is subject to the provisions of the Declaration of Condominium of Chardonnay at the Vineyards recorded at O.R. Book 1459, Pages 2319 through 2340, hereby consents to the making of the foregoing Declaration of Condominium for CHARDONNAY AT THE VINEYARDS, A CONDOMINIUM, made by said CHARDONNAY JOINT VENTURE, for the limited purpose of agreeing that, in the event of foreclosure of its mortgage against or its acquisition of title to the real property described in said Declaration as a result of a deed in lieu of foreclosure, it and/or its successors and assigns will observe and not disturb the rights of Owners and Members who comply with the provisions of the Declaration with respect to the land described in said declaration; provided, however, that the lien and charge of the undersigned's mortgage and security agreement no longer encumbers the condominium unit of said owners and members. Mothing herein shall be deemed to alter, affect or diminish the priority of the lien of said mortgage and said Declaration.

WITNESSES:

BARNETT BANK OF NAPLES

James K. Krise

TITIE: Senior Vice President

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF COLLIER Recorded and wedded in Official Records of COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA JAMES C GILES, CLEHK

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this 19th day of December, 1989, by James K. Krise as Senior Vice President of BARNETT BANK OF NAPLES, on behalf of the corporation.

(SEAL)

Notary Public, State of Florida

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My Commission Expires:

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AMENDMENT TO DECLARATION OF CONDOMINIUM CHARDONNAY AT THE VINEYARDS, A CONDOMINIUM

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Amendment made this 7th day of March Chardonnay Joint Venture, a Florida general partnership, hereinafter called the Developer, for itself and its successors, grantees, and assigns.

The Declaration of Condominium of Chardonnay at the Vineyards. a Condominium, as recorded in O.R. Book 1459, Pages 2319 through 2405, Public Records of Collier County, Florida, allows the Developer, Chardonnay Joint Venture, in Section 21.4 to amend the Declaration and its exhibits in any manner necessary and convenient to the Development process.

The Declaration of Condominium is hereby amended to reflect substantial completion of Building 6015 by substituting a new Exhibit B page 1 for the Exhibit B page 1 as recorded and by adding Exhibit B page 8, the survey as certificate of substantial completion for Building 6015.

In witness whereof, the Developer has executed this Amendment the day and year first above written.

Signed in the Presence of

CHARDONNAY JOINT VENTURE a Florida general partnership

By: AMERICAN VENTURE ASSOCIATES CORPORATION, a Florida corporation, General

President

NYCON ASSOCIATES, INC. a Florida corporation, General

Partner

(Seal)

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF COLLIER

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this to day of the foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this to day of the foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this to day of the general partnership, by Jeffrey Miller, President of American Venture Associates Corporation, a Plorida corporation, general partner in Chardonnay Joint Venture, a general partnership, on behalf of the general partnership.

ROBYN MOX State of Flydda Ny frant Een No. 1911

Notary Public (Seal)
My Commission Expires:

STATE OF PLONEDAL COUNTY OF COLLIER CAYULA

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this 2 day of ______, 19<u>70</u>, by Martin Berry, President of Nycon Associates, Inc., a Florida corporation, general partner in Chardonnay Joint Venture, a general partnership, on behalf of the general partnership.

Notary Public
My Commission Expires:

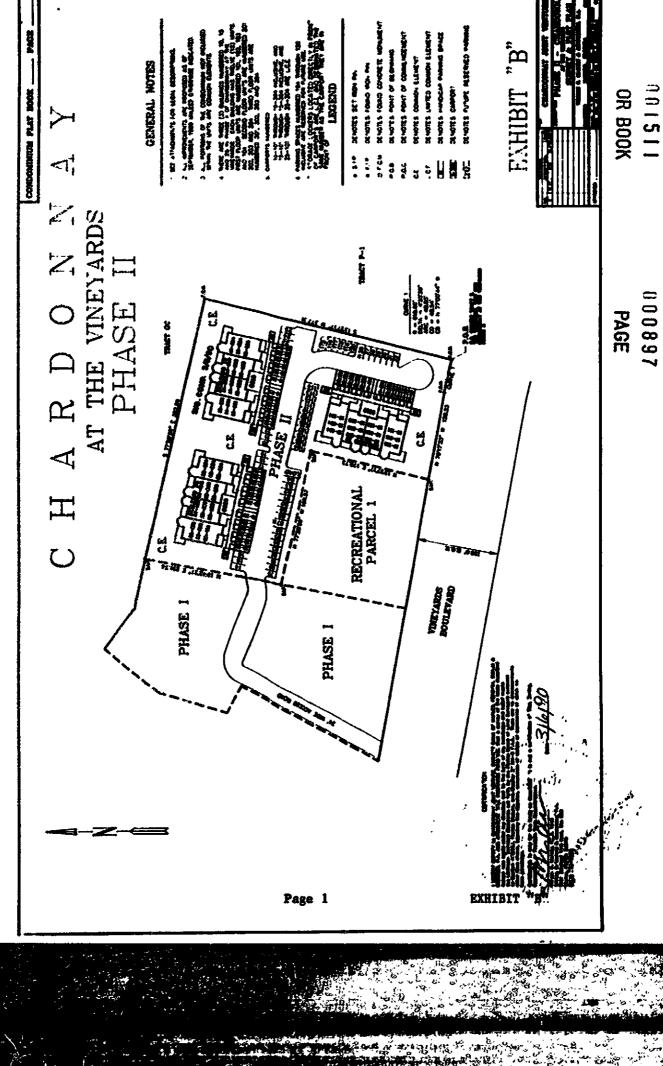
JATEN F. BOUCK

Notery Paulic, State of New York

No. 1878

Qualified in Cayaga County

My Consoledon Expires Metch 48, 18.20



WILLIAM C. McANLY AND ASSOCIATES, P.A.

PROPESSIONAL ENGINEERS, PLANNERS & LAND SURVEYORS SIDI TAMIAMI TRAIL, BAST, SUITE 202 NAPLES, PLORIDA 13962 TELEPHONE 613/73-0723 TELECOPIER 613/73-9236

SURVEYORS CERTIFICATE OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

CERTIFICATE OF SURVEYOR made this 6th day of March, 1990.

certificate is made as to Building "15" of Chardonnay at the Vineyards, a Condominium, located at Naples, Collier County, Florida, pursuant to Section 718.104 (4) (e), Florida Statutes.

I. William C. McAnly, a Land Surveyor authorized to practice in the State of Florida, hereby certify that the construction of the above referenced buildings, and all planned improvements, including but not limited to the landscaping, utility services, access to the units and common element facilities serving the buildings, have been substantially completed, so that the material attached to the Declaration of Condominium as Exhibit "B", together with the provisions of the Declaration describing the condominium property, is an accurate representation of the location and dimensions of the improvement, and that the identification, location and dimensions of the common elements and of each unit can be determined from these materials.

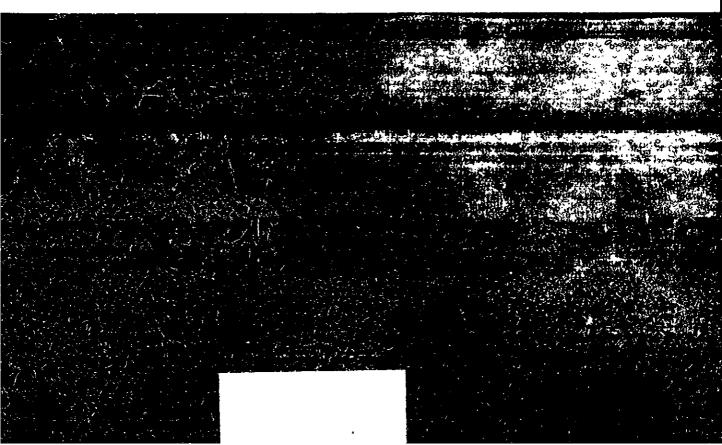
Prepared by:

William C. HoAnly, P.L.S. Florida Registration No. 1543

JAMES C. QUES, CLERK

EXHIBIT "B"

Page 8



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AMENDMENT TO DECLARATION OF CONDOMINIUM

CHARDONNAY AT THE VINEYARDS, A CONDONINIUM

Amendment made this Mill day of Chardonnay Joint Venture, Chardonnay Joint Venture, a Florida general partnership, hereinafter called the Developer, for itself and its successors, grantees, and assigns.

The Declaration of Condominium of Chardonnay at the Vineyards, a Condominium, as recorded in O.R. Book 1459, Pages 2319 through 2405, Public Records of Collier County, Florida, allows the Developer, Chardonnay Joint Venture, in Section 21.4 to amend the Declaration and its exhibits in any manner necessary and convenient to the Development process.

The Declaration of Condominium is hereby amended to reflect substantial completion of Building 6025 by substituting a new Exhibit B page 1 for the Exhibit B page 1 as recorded and by adding Exhibit B page 9, the survey as certificate of substantial completion for Building 6025.

In witness whereof, the Developer has executed this Amendment the day and year first above written.

Signed in the Presence of

CHARDONNAY JOINT VENTURE a Florida general partnership

By: AMERICAN VENTURE ASSOCIATES CORPORATION, a Florida corporation, General

NYCON ASSOCIATES, INC. a Florida corporation, General Partner

Martin Berry, Presiden

Return To: ~ 1 K Forsyth, Swelm & Brugger, P.A. 600 Fifth Avanue South, #210 Nacios, Florida 33940

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF COLLIER

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this 1744 day of April 1940, by Jeffrey Miller, President of American Venture Associates Corporation, a Plorida corporation, general partner in Chardonnay Joint Venture, a general partnership, on behalf of the general partnership.

FARM EMOR 31.1 07

Notery Public (Seal) My Commission Expires:

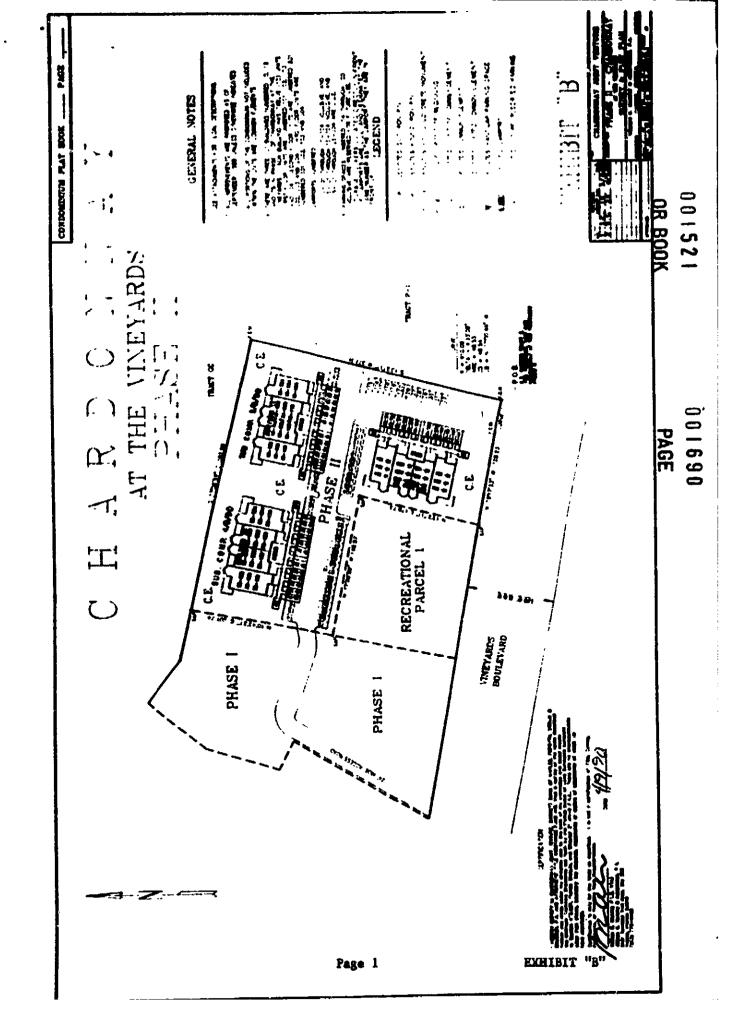
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF COLLIER

The foregoing instrument was acknowledged before me this 17/40, of Anni 1940, by Martin Berry, President of day of Ancil Nycon Associates, Inc., a Florida corporation, general partner in Chardonnay Joint Venture, a general partnership, on behalf of the general partnership.

Notary Public

My Commission Expires:

ROBYN MOX State of Florida My Comm tan Jan 1 122 (Seal)



o =

WILLIAM C. McANLY AND ASSOCIATES, P.A. PROFESSAVIAL ENGINEERS, PLANNERS & LAND SURVEYORS

PROFESSIVAL ENGINEERS, PLANNERS & LAND SURVEYORS
SIGN TAMIAMS TRAIL EAST, SUITE 202
NATIES, FLORENA 33962
TELEPHONE 81/175/0721
TELECOPER 81/175/0726

BURVEYORS CERTIFICATE OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

8

CERTIFICATE OF SURVEYOR made this 9th day of April, 1990.

This certificate is made as to Building "25" of Chardonnay at the Vineyards, a Condominium, located at Naples, Collier County, Florida, pursuant to Section 718.104 (4) (6), Florida Statutes.

I, William C. McAnly, a Land Surveyor authorized to practice in the State of Florida, hereby certify that the construction of the above referenced buildings, and all planned improvements, including but not limited to the landscaping, utility services, access to the units and common element facilities serving the buildings, have been substantially completed, so that the material attached to the Declaration of Condominium as Exhibit "B", together with the provisions of the Declaration describing the condominium property, is an accurate representation of the location and dimensions of the improvement, and that the identification, location and dimensions of the common elements and of each unit can be determined from these materials.

Prepared by:

William C: McAnly, P.L.S.

Florida Registration No. 1543

19/9/

Recursive and verified in Otical Recursor COLLIER COUNTY, FLORIDA JAMES C. GILES, CLERK

EXHIBIT "B"

PAGE

FIRST AMENDMENT TO DECLARATION OF CONDOMINIUM OF

CHARDONNAY AT THE VINEYARDS, A CONDOMINIUM

Made this 231 day of 1 tobe , 1989, by CHARDONNAY JOINT VENTURE, Florida general partnership, hereinafter called the "Developer", for itself its successors, grantees, and assigns.

Whereas the Developer by the Declaration recorded at O.R. Book 1459 Pages 9 through 2405 did create the condominium known as Chardonnay at the eyards and submitted Phase I of that development to the condominium form of ership.

Whereas the Developer reserved the right pursuant to Section 22.6 of the laration to amend the Declaration and its Exhibits to add Phase II and Phase to the condominium.

The Developer does hereby make the following additional declarations.

- 1. <u>Submission Statement</u>. The Developer hereby submits that property cribed on page 1 of Exhibit A as Phase II, and appurtenances belonging reto, and all other property, real, personal or mixed, located on and anded for use in connection therewith to the condominium form of ownership use in the manner provided by the Florida Condominium Act as it exists on date of recording this Amandment; excluding therefrom, however, all public lity installations, cable television lines, and other similar equipment, if , owned by the utility furnishing services to the Condominium.
- 2. <u>Survey and Plot Plans</u>. Attached hereto as Exhibit "B" are surveys of Land described as Phase II and plot plans which graphically describe the covements in which units are located, and which show all the units, luding their identification numbers, locations and approximate dimensions, the common elements and limited common elements. Together with this laration, the exhibit is in sufficient detail to identify each unit, the mon elements, and their relative locations and dimensions.
- 3. Identification of Units. The units which shall comprise Phase II .1 be as follows:

Building 25:

Units 25-101 25-104 25-201 25-204 25-301 25-304 25-102 25-202

> 25-302 25-103

25-203

gger, P. A. 1, # 210 <u> 1940</u> naiv

; 15: its 15-101 15-201 15-301 15-102 15-202 15-302 15-103 15-203 15-303 15-104 15-204 10: its 10-101 10-201 10-301 10-102 10-202 10-302 10-103

> 10-203 10-303 10-104 10-204 10-304

our tenance to Each Unit Shares and Expenses of Ownership. The owner nit in the condominium after the submission of Phase II shall have an ownership share in the Land and other common elements and the common of follows: Each unit owner shall own a one-sixtieth (1/60th) and to the common elements and common surplus. If Phase III is the condominium, each unit owner's proportional share of ownership in elements (including the common elements comprising Phase III) and plus shall be one one hundred twentieth (1/120th). Common expenses shared on the same basis as each units share of their individual the common elements.

001544 OR BOOK

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IN WITNESS WHEREOP, the Developer has executed this Declaration the day and year first above written.

Signed in the presence of:

CHARDONNAY JOINT VENTUFE, a Florida general partnership By: AMERICAN VENTURE ASSOCIATES CORMORATION, a Florida corporation,

Ву____

General Fartner

Jef

Jeffre Miller, President

NYCON ASSOCIATES, INC., a Florida corporation, General Partner

D. h. M. Chuyce

Martin Berry, President

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF COLLIER

This instrument was acknowledged before me this 25 day of OctoB < _____,
1989, by Jeffrey Miller, President of American Venture Associates Corporation,
on behalf of the corporation.

Notary Public

My Commission Expires:

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF COLLIER

This instrument was acknowledged before me this 24 day of OchoBer.
1989, by Martin Berry, President of Nycon Associates, Inc., on behalf of the corporation.

Notary Public

My Commission Expires:

LEGAL DESCRIPTION

CHARDONNAY AT THE VINEYARDS - PHASE II

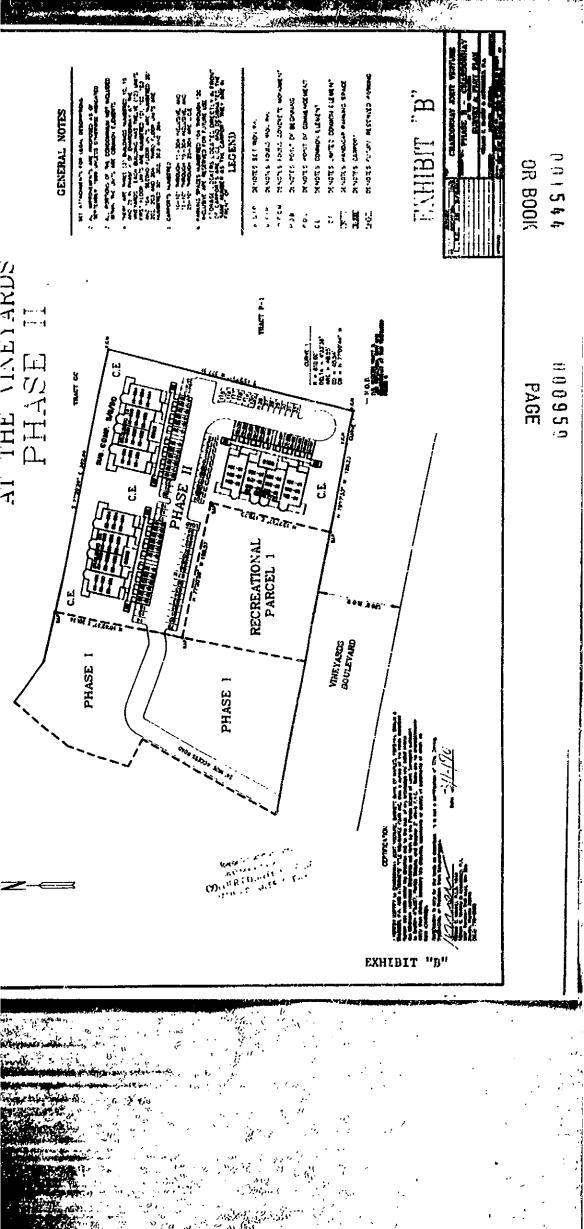
on of Tract E, the Vineyards, Unit One, according to at recorded in Plat Book 14 Pages 67 through 74 ve of the Public Records of Collier County, Florida; ore particularly described as follows: it the southeast corner of Tract E, The Vineyard, Unit recorded in Plat Book 14, Pages 67 through 74 ve of the Public Records of Collier County, Florida, corner being a point on the Northeasterly right-of-way of Vineyards Boulevard and a Point of Curvature of a of Vineyards Boulevard and a Point of Curvature of a concaved Southwesterly, and run along said right-ofne for 48.56 feet along the arc of said curve having a of 610.00 feet, a central angle of 04 Degrees 33; 38 Seconds, a chord of 48.54 feet and a chord of North 77 Degrees 00 Minutes 44 Seconds West to a of Tangency; thence run North 79 Degrees 17 Minutes 33; West for 128.23 feet; thence run North 13 Degrees ites 17 Seconds East for 179.73 feet; thence run North prees 20 Minutes 59 Seconds West for 196.57 feet; run North 10 Degrees 42 Minutes 27 Seconds East for feet; thence run South 77 Degrees 20 Minutes 59; East for 382.89 feet; thence run South 13 Degrees 27; 17 Seconds West for 377.31 feet to the POINT Of ING.

d by:

ING.

C. McAnly, P.L.S.

EXHIBIT "A"



2460323 OR: 2533 PG: 1394 RECORDED IN OFFICIAL RECORDS OF COLLIER COUNTY, PL 04/09/1999 at 08:468M DWIGHT H. BROCK, CLERK

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262.50

Retn: KRAUS & WYNE 1072 GOODLETTE RD N NAPLES FL 34102

(The space above this line is reserved for recording information.)

CERTIFICATE OF AMENDMENT

THE UNDERSIGNED, being the duly elected President of CHARDONNAY AT THE VINEYARDS, INC., a Florida corporation not-for-profit, does hereby certify that the following resolution was duly proposed by the Board of Directors and approved by greater than two-thirds (2/3) of the voting interests present in person or by proxy and by greater than a majority of the total voting interests at the Special Members' Meeting held on Fabruary 18, 1999 for the purpose of amending and restating the Declaration of Condominium of Chardonnay at the Vineyards, a Condominium, and the Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws of Chardonnay at the Vineyards, Inc. as originally recorded at O.R. Book 1459, at Page 2319 et seq., Public Records of Collier County, Florida.

RESOLVED: That the Declaration of Condominium of Chardonnay at the Vineyards, a Condominium, and the Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws of Chardonnay at the Vineyards, Inc. be and are hereby amended and restated in the form attached hereto and made a part hereof.

March 22, 1999	CHARDONNAY AT THE VINEYARDS, INC.		
Dete			
amy austin	By: Robert Dishette		
Signature of Witness	Robert DeShetler, President		
HMY HUSTIN	·		
Print name of Witness	1044 Castello Drive, Suite 208		
Tua Dula	Naples, Florida 34103		
Signature of Witness			
Hua Delava			
Print name of Witness	(SEAL)		
	,		
STATE OF FLORIDA			
COUNTY OF COLLIER			
574			
I hereby certify that on this 22NC day of March, 1999, personally appeared before me Robert			
DeShetler, as President of Chardonnay at the Vineyards, Inc., a Florida corporation not for profit,			
who executed the foregoing certificate in the name of, and on behalf of, said corporation. He			
(choose one) (_) is personally known to me or (nas produced			
for identification and did not take an oath.			
.eh Te.	(Java C D)		
ANIA C DEPAUW	Signature of Notary Public		
* My Commission CC862906	ANIA C. Defauld		
த் இது Expires Jun. 18, 2000	Print name of Notary (SEAL)		
41 t/a.,	My Commission Expires: Ctc 18 00		
	and a commencer and a desired Control lock.		

NOTE: SUBSTANTIAL AMENDMENT OF ENTIRE DECLARATION. FOR PRESENT TEXT SEE EXISTING DECLARATION OF CONDOMINIUM.

AMENDED AND RESTATED DECLARATION OF CONDOMINIUM

OF

CHARDONNAY AT THE VINEYARDS, A CONDOMINIUM

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INDEX TO DECLARATION OF CONDOMINIUM

⁺ KRAUS & WYNE P.A. + AYTORNEYS AT LAW + 1072 GOODLETTE ROAD NORTH + NAPLES, FLOREDA 34102 +

NOTE: SUBSTANTIAL AMENDMENT OF ENTIRE DECLARATION. FOR PRESENT TEXT SEE EXISTING DECLARATION OF CONDOMINIUM.

AMENDED AND RESTATED DECLARATION OF CONDOMINIUM

OF

CHARDONNAY AT THE VINEYARDS, A CONDOMINIUM

On August 3, 1989, the original Declaration of Condominium of Chardonnay at the Vineyards, a Condominium (hereinafter the "Condominium") was recorded in Official Record Book 1459, at Page 2319 at seq., of the Public Records of Collier County, Florida. That Declaration of Condominium, as it has previously been amended, is hereby further amended in part and is restated in its entirety.

- 1. SUBMISSION TO CONDOMINIUM OWNERSHIP: This Amended and Restated Declaration of Condominium is made by Chardonnay at the Vineyards, Inc., a Florida corporation not for profit, hereinafter the "Association". The land subject to this Declaration and the improvements located thereon have already been submitted to condominium ownership and use pursuant to the Florida Condominium Act. No additional property is being submitted to condominium ownership by this Declaration. The covenants and restrictions contained in this Declaration shall run with the land and be binding upon and inure to the benefit of all present and future owners of condominium parcels. The acquisition of title to a unit or any other interest in the condominium property, or the lease, occupancy, or use of any portion of a unit or the condominium property, constitutes an acceptance and ratification of all provisions of this Declaration as amended from time to time, and an agreement to be bound by its terms.
- 2. <u>NAME AND ADDRESS</u>: The name of this Condominium is Chardonnay at the Vineyards, a Condominium, and it is located on Chardonnay Lane in Naples, Florida.
- 3. <u>DESCRIPTION OF CONDOMINIUM PROPERTY</u>: The land submitted to the condominium form of ownership by the original Declaration (hereinafter the "Land") is legally described as Phase I on Page A-2 of Exhibit "A" to the original Declaration, and Phase II on page 1 of Exhibit "A" in the First Amendment to the Declaration recorded at O.R. Book 1544, Page 955 in the Public Records of Collier County, Florida, which Exhibits are hereby incorporated by reference.
- 4. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>: The terms used in this Declaration and its exhibits shall have the meanings stated below and in Chapter 718, Florida Statutes, (The "Condominium Act"), unless the context otherwise requires.
- 4.1 "Assessment" means a share of the funds required for the payment of common expenses which from time to time is assessed against the units.

- 4.2 "Association" means Chardonnay at the Vineyards, Inc., a Florida corporation not for profit, the entity responsible for the operation of this Condominium.
- 4.3 "Association Property" means all property, real or personal, owned or leased by the Association for the use and benefit of the unit owners.
- 4.4 "Board of Directors" or "Board" means the representative body which is responsible for the administration of the Association's affairs, and is the same body referred to in the Condominium Act as the "Board of Administration".
- 4.5 "Condominium Documents" means and includes this Declaration and all recorded exhibits hereto, as amended from time to time.
 - 4.6 "Family" or "Single Family" shall refer to any one of the following:
 - (A) One natural person.
 - (B) Two or more natural persons who commonly reside together as a single housekeeping unit, each of whom is related by blood, marriage or adoption to each of the others.
 - (C) Two or more natural persons meeting the requirements of (B) above, except that there is among them one person who is not related to some or all of the others.
- 4.7 "Fixtures" means those items of tangible personal property which by being physically annexed or constructively affixed to the unit have become accessory to it and part and parcel of it, including but not limited to, interior partitions, walls, appliances which have been built in or permanently affixed, and plumbing fixtures. Fixtures do not include floor, wall or ceiling coverings.
- 4.8 "Guest" means any person who is not the unit owner or a lessee or a member of the owner's or lessee's family, who is physically present in, or occupies the unit on a temporary basis at the invitation of the owner or other legally permitted occupant, without the payment of consideration.
- 4.9 "Institutional Mortgages" means the mortgagee (or its assignee) of a mortgage against a condominium parcel, which mortgagee is a bank, savings and loan association, mortgage company, insurance company, real estate or mortgage investment trust, pension or profit sharing trust, the Federal Housing Administration, the Veterans Administration, or any agency of the United States of America. The term also refers to any holder of a mortgage against a condominium parcel which mortgage is guaranteed or insured by the Federal Housing Administration, the Veterans Administration, any agency of the United States of America, or by any other public or private corporation engaged in the business of guaranteeing or insuring residential mortgage loans, and their successors and assigns.
- 4.10 "Lease" means the grant by a unit owner of a temporary right of use of the owner's unit for valuable consideration.
 - 4.11 "Master Association" means the Vineyards Community Association, Inc.

4.12 "Master Declaration" means the Declaration of Master Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions for the Vineyards.

- 4.13 "Limited Common Elements" means and includes those common elements which are reserved for the use of a certain unit or units to the exclusion of other units.
- 4.14 "Occupy", when used in connection with a unit, means the act of staying overnight in a unit. "Occupant" is a person who occupies a unit.
- 4.15 "Primary Institutional Mortgages" means that institutional mortgages which, at the time a determination is made, holds first mortgages on more units in the Condominium than any other institutional mortgages, such determination to be made by reference to the number of units encumbered, and not by the dollar amount of such mortgages.
- 4.16 "<u>Primary Occupant</u>" means the natural person approved for occupancy when title to a unit is held in the name of two or more persons who are not husband and wife, or by a trustee or a corporation or other entity which is not a natural person.
- 4.17 "<u>Rules and Regulations</u>" means those rules and regulations promulgated by the Board of Directors, governing the use of the common elements and the operation of the Association.
 - 4.18 "Unit" has the same meaning as the term "unit" as defined in the Condominium Act.
- 4.19 "Unit Owner" or "Owner" has the same meaning as the term "unit owner" as defined in the Condominium Act, except that for purposes of interpreting use and occupancy restrictions related to units, in cases where a primary occupant has been designated for a unit because of its ownership, the word "owner" refers to the primary occupant and not the record owner.
- 4.20 "<u>Voting Interest</u>" means and refers to the arrangement established in the condominium documents by which the owners of each unit collectively are entitled to one vote in Association matters. There are sixty (60) units, so the total number of voting interests is sixty (60) votes.

5. DESCRIPTION OF IMPROVEMENTS; SURVEY AND PLANS:

- 5.1 <u>Survey and Plot Plans</u>. Attached to the original Declaration as Exhibit "B", as amended, and incorporated by reference herein, are a survey of the Land and plot plans, which graphically describe the improvements in which units are located, and which show all the units, including their identification numbers, locations and approximate dimensions and the common elements and limited common elements. Together with this Declaration, the exhibit is in sufficient detail to identify each unit, the common elements and limited common elements, and their relative locations and dimensions.
- 5.2 <u>Unit Boundaries</u>. Each unit shall include that part of the building that lies within the following boundaries:

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(A) Upper and Lower Boundaries. The upper and lower boundaries of the unit shall be the following boundaries and as illustrated in exhibit "B", extended to their planer intersections with the perimeter boundaries:

- (1) Upper Boundaries. In all units located on the floors below the top floor of the building, the upper boundary shall be the horizontal plane of the unfinished lower surface of the ceiling of the unit. In all units located on the top floor, the upper boundary shall follow the contour of the interior unfinished surface of the drywall attached to the underside of the roof trusses.
- (2) <u>Lower Boundaries</u>. The horizontal plane of the unfinished upper surface of the concrete floor of the unit.
- (B) <u>Perimeter Boundaries</u>. The perimeter boundaries of the unit shall be the vertical planes of the unfinished interior surfaces of the walls bounding the unit as shown in Exhibit "B", extended to their planer intersections with each other and with the upper and lower boundaries.
- (C) Interior Walls. No part of the non-structural interior partition walls within an apartment shall be considered part of the boundary of a unit.
- (D) Apertures. Where there are openings in any boundary, including, without limitation, windows and doors, the perimeter boundaries of the unit shall extend to the interior unfinished surfaces of such apertures, and their frameworks thereof. Exterior surfaces made of glass or other transparent material and all framings, casings and hardware therefor shall be excluded from the unit. Therefore, windows, doors, screens and all framings, casings and hardware therefor, are excluded from the unit.

In cases not specifically covered in this Section 5.2, or in any case of conflict or ambiguity, the graphic depictions of the unit boundaries set forth in Exhibit "B" hereto shall control in determining the boundaries of a unit, except the provisions of 5.2(D) above shall control over Exhibit "B". Nothing herein shall be construed as purporting to change the boundaries of the units as they were provided for in the original Declaration.

6. CONDOMINIUM PARCELS: APPURTENANCES AND USE:

- **6.1** Shares of Ownership. The Condominium contains sixty (60) units. The owner of each unit shall also own a one-sixtieth (1/60) undivided share in the common elements and the common surplus.
- **6.2** <u>Unit Identification</u>. The identification of each unit shall be by number, as identified in Exhibit "B".
- 6.3 Appurtenances to Each Unit. The owner of each unit shall have certain rights and own a certain interest in the condominium property, including without limitation the following:

- (A) An undivided ownership share in the Land and other common elements and the common surplus, as specifically set forth in Section 6.1 above.
- (B) Membership and voting rights in the Association, which shall be acquired and exercised as provided in the Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws of the Association, attached hereto as Exhibits "C" and "D", respectively.
- (C) Membership and voting rights in the Master Association, which shall be acquired and exercised as provided in the Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws of the Master Association.
- (D) The exclusive right to use the limited common elements reserved for the unit, and the right to use the common elements.
- (E) An exclusive easement for the use of the airspace occupied by the unit as it exists at any particular time and as the unit may lawfully be altered or reconstructed from time to time. An easement in airspace which is vacated shall be terminated automatically.
- (F) Other appurtenances as may be provided in this Declaration and its exhibits.

Each unit and its appurtenances constitutes a "condominium parcel".

6.4 <u>Use and Possession</u>. A unit owner is entitled to exclusive use and possession of his unit. He is entitled to use the common elements in accordance with the purposes for which they are intended, but no use of the unit or of the common elements may unreasonably interfere with the rights of other unit owners or other persons having rights to use the condominium property. No unit may be subdivided. The use of the units, common elements and limited common elements shall be governed by the condominium documents and by the rules and regulations adopted by the Board of Directors, as provided in Section 7 of the Bylaws.

7. COMMON ELEMENTS: EASEMENTS:

- 7.1 <u>Definition</u>. The term "common elements" means all of the property submitted to condominium ownership that is not within the unit boundaries set forth in Section 5 above. The common elements include without limitation the following:
 - (A) The Land.
 - (B) All portions of the buildings and other improvements outside the units, including all limited common elements.
 - (C) Easements through each unit for conduits, ducts, plumbing, wiring, and other facilities for furnishing utility services to other units or the common elements.
 - (D) An easement of support in every portion of the Condominium which contributes to the support of a building.

(E) The property, fixtures and installations required for access and utility services to more than one unit or to the common elements.

- 7.2 <u>Easements</u>. Each of the following easements and easement rights is reserved through the condominium property and is a covenant running with the land of the Condominium, and notwithstanding any of the other provisions of this Declaration, may not be revoked and shall survive the exclusion of any land from the Condominium. None of these easements may be encumbered by any leasehold or lien other than those on the condominium parcels. Any lien encumbering these easements shall automatically be subordinate to the rights of unit owners with respect to such easements.
 - (A) <u>Utility and other Easements</u>. The Association has the power, without the joinder of any unit owner, to grant, modify or move easements such as electric, gas, cable television, or other utility or service easements, or relocate any existing easements, in any portion of the common elements or association property, and to grant access easements or relocate any existing access easements in any portion of the common elements or association property, as the Association shall deem necessary or desirable for the proper operation and maintenance of the Condominium. Such easements, or the relocation of existing easements, may not prevent or unreasonably interfere with the use of the units. The Association may also transfer title to utility-related equipment, facilities or material, and to take any other action to satisfy the requirements of any utility company or governmental agency to which any such utility-related equipment, facilities or material are to be so transferred.
 - (B) <u>Encroachments</u>. If any unit encroaches upon any of the common elements or upon any other unit for any reason other than the intentional act of the unit owner, or if any common element encroaches upon any unit, then an easement shall exist to the extent of that encroachment as long as the encroachment exists.
 - (C) Ingress and Egress. A non-exclusive easement shall exist in favor of each unit owner and occupant, their respective guests, tenants, licensees and invitees for pedestrian traffic over, through, and across sidewalks, streets, paths, walks, and other portions of the common elements as from time to time may be intended and designated for such purpose and use, and for vehicular and pedestrian traffic over, through, and across such portions of the common elements as from time to time may be paved or intended for such purposes, and for purposes of ingress and egress to the public ways.
- 7.3 Restraint Upon Separation and Partition. The undivided share of ownership in the common elements and common surplus appurtenant to a unit cannot be conveyed or encumbered separately from the unit and shall pass with the title to the unit, whether or not separately described. As long as the Condominium exists, the common elements cannot be partitioned. The shares in the funds and assets of the Association cannot be assigned, pledged or transferred except as an appurtenance to the units.

8. LIMITED COMMON ELEMENTS:

8.1 <u>Description of Limited Common Elements</u>. Certain common elements have been reserved for the use of a particular unit or units, to the exclusion of the other units. The limited common elements and the units to which their exclusive use is appurtenant, are as described in this Declaration and its recorded exhibits. The following common elements are hereby designated as limited common elements:

- (A) <u>Covered Parking Spaces</u>. There have been designated in Exhibit "B" certain parking spaces or carports as limited common elements. Each parking space has adjacent to it a storage unit which is also designated a limited common element. These parking spaces and storage units have been assigned to the exclusive use of specific units as identified in Exhibit "B". Each unit shall always have the exclusive use of one assigned parking space and its adjacent storage unit. The cost of maintenance of all parking spaces and exterior surfaces of the storage units shall be a common expense.
- (B) <u>Air Conditioning and Heating Equipment.</u> All equipment, fixtures and installations located outside of a unit, which furnish air conditioning or heating exclusively to that unit, shall be limited common elements, and shall be maintained, repaired and replaced by, and solely at the expense of the owner of the unit.
- (C) Terraces and Balconies/Front and Back Lanais. The airspace as shown in Exhibit "B" as the "Terrace" comprising the area directly in front of the unit and the airspace as shown in Exhibit "B" as the "Balcony" comprising the screened area directly behind the unit (hereinafter the front and back lanai) which are attached to and serving exclusively each unit shall be limited common elements. The unit owner shall be responsible for day-to-day cleaning and care of these areas, including but not limited to the replacement of screens. All painting and maintenance of the exterior surfaces and structures of the building shall be the responsibility of the Association and shall be a common expense. No Lanai may be carpeted, covered or enclosed in any way without the prior written approval of the Board of Directors. The maintenance, repair, replacement and insurance of such approved carpeting, covering or enclosure shall be the responsibility of the unit owner. No carpeting of any kind or description may be installed over concrete floors exposed to the elements.
- (D) Others. Any part of the common elements that is connected to or exclusively serves a single unit, and is specifically required in Section 11 of this Declaration to be maintained, repaired or replaced by or at the expense of the unit owner, shall be deemed a limited common element appurtenant to that unit, whether specifically described above or not. This paragraph includes windows, screens and doors, including all hardware and framings therefor.
- 8.2 <u>Exclusive Use; Transfer of Use Rights</u>. The exclusive use of a limited common element is an appurtenance to the unit or units to which it is designated or assigned. The right of exclusive use of each limited common element passes with the unit to which it is assigned, whether or not separately described, and cannot be separated from it; except that the use rights to a particular parking place and storage unit may be exchanged between units or transferred to another unit as follows:

(A) The unit owners desiring to exchange such use rights shall submit a written request to the Board of Directors. If the Board approves the exchange, the owners involved shall then execute a Certificate of Transfer which shall include the recording data identifying this Declaration, and be executed by the Association and the owners with the formalities required for the execution of a deed.

(B) The transfer of use rights shall be complete and effective when the Certificate is recorded in the Public Records of Collier County, Florida. The costs of preparing and recording the Certificate shall be borne by the unit owners desiring the exchange or transfer.

Unit owners shall also have the right to transfer the use to their assigned covered parking space and/or storage unit by renting such space to another unit owner. All such leases shall be in writing and a copy of each lease must be provided to the Association. The lessee under such lease shall bear the same responsibilities for the covered parking space and storage unit as the unit owners using their own designated space.

- ASSOCIATION: The operation of the Condominium is by Chardonnay at the Vineyards, Inc., a Florida corporation not for profit, which shall perform its function pursuant to the following:
- 9.1 Articles of Incorporation. A copy of the amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of the Association is attached as Exhibit "C".
- 9.2 <u>Bylaws</u>. The Bylaws of the Association shall be the Amended and Restated Bylaws attached as Exhibit "D", as they may be amended from time to time.
- 9.3 <u>Delegation of Management.</u> The Association may contract for the management and maintenance of the condominium property and employ a licensed manager or management company to assist the Association in carrying out its powers and duties by performing such functions as the submission of proposals, collection of assessments, keeping of records, enforcement of rules and maintenance, repair and replacement of the common elements with funds made available by the Association for such purposes. The Association and its officers however, shall retain at all times the powers and duties provided in the Condominium Act.
- 9.4 <u>Membership</u>. The membership of the Association shall be the record owners of legal title to the units, as further provided in the Bylaws.
- 9.5 Acts of the Association. Unless the approval or affirmative vote of the unit owners is specifically made necessary by some provision of the Condominium Act or these condominium documents, all approvals or actions permitted or required to be given or taken by the Association may be given or taken by its Board of Directors, without a vote of the unit owners. The officers and Directors of the Association have a fiduciary relationship to the unit owners. A unit owner does not have the authority to act for the Association by reason of being a unit owner.

9.6 Powers and Duties. The powers and duties of the Association include those set forth in the Condominium Act and the condominium documents. The Association may contract, sue, or be sued with respect to the exercise or nonexercise of its powers and duties. For these purposes, the powers of the Association include, but are not limited to, the maintenance, management, and operation of the condominium property and association property. The Association may impose fees for the use of common elements or association property. The Association has the power to enter into agreements to acquire leaseholds, memberships and other ownership, possessory or use interests in lands or facilities, regardless of whether the lands or facilities are contiguous to the lands of the Condominium.

- 9.7 Official Records. The Association shall maintain its Official Records as required by law. The records shall be open to inspection by members or their authorized representatives at all reasonable times. The right to inspect the records includes a right to make or obtain photocopies at the reasonable expense of the member seaking copies.
- 9.8 <u>Purchase of Units</u>. The Association has the power to purchase one or more units in the Condominium, and to own, lease, mortgage, or convey them, such power to be exercised by the Board of Directors.
- 9.9 Acquisition of Property. The Association has the power to acquire property, both real and personal. The power to acquire personal property shall be exercised by the Board of Directors. Except as otherwise provided in Section 9.8 above, the power to acquire ownership interests in real property shall be exercised by the Board of Directors, but only after approval by at least a majority of the voting interests.
- 9.10 <u>Disposition of Property</u>. Any property owned by the Association, whether real, personal or mixed, may be mortgaged, sold, leased or otherwise encumbered or disposed of by the same authority as would be required to acquire it under Sections 9.8 and 9.9 above.
- 9.11 Roster. The Association shall maintain a current roster of names and mailing addresses of unit owners, based upon information supplied by the unit owners. A copy of the roster shall be made available to any member upon request.
- 9.12 <u>Limitation on Liability</u>. Notwithstanding its duty to maintain and repair condominium or association property, the Association shall not be liable to individual unit owners for personal injury or property damage caused by any latent condition of the property to be maintained and repaired by the Association, or caused by the elements or unit owners or other persons.
- 10. ASSESSMENTS AND LIENS: The Association has the power to levy and collect assessments against each unit and unit owner in order to provide the necessary funds for proper operation and management of the Condominium and for the operation of the Association. This power includes both "regular" assessments for each unit's share of the common expenses as set forth in the annual budget, and "special" assessments for unusual, nonrecurring or unbudgeted common expenses. The Association may also levy special charges against any individual unit for any amounts, other than for common expenses, which are properly chargeable against such unit. Assessments shall be levied and payment enforced as provided in Section 6 of the Bylaws, and as follows:

10.1 Common Expenses. Common expenses include the expenses of operation, maintenance, repair, replacement or insurance of the common elements and association property, the expenses of operating the Association, and any other expenses properly incurred by the Association for the Condominium, including amounts budgeted for the purpose of funding reserve accounts. The cost of water and sewer service to the units shall be a common expense. If the Board of Directors contracts for pest control within units or basic cable television programming services in bulk for the entire Condominium, the cost of such services shall be a common expense.

- 16.2 <u>Share of Common Expenses</u>. The owner of each unit shall be liable for a share of the common expenses equal to his share of ownership of the common elements and the common surplus, as set forth in Section 6.1 above.
- 10.3 Ownership. Assessments and other funds collected by or on behalf of the Association become the property of the Association; no unit owner has the right to claim, assign or transfer any interest therein except as an appurtenance to his unit. No owner can withdraw or receive distribution of his share of the common surplus, except as otherwise provided herein or by law.
- 10.4 Who is Liable for Assessments. The owner of each unit, regardless of how title was acquired, is liable for all assessments or installments thereon coming due while he is the owner. Multiple owners are jointly and severally liable. Except as provided in Section 20.3 below as to certain first mortgagees, whenever title to a condominium parcel is transferred for any reason, the new owner is jointly and severally liable with the previous owner for all assessments which came due prior to the transfer and remain unpaid, without prejudice to any right the new owner may have to recover from the previous owner any amounts paid by the new owner.
- 10.5 No Waiver or Excuse from Payment. The liability for assessments may not be avoided or abated by waiver of the use or enjoyment of any common elements, by abandonment of the unit on which the assessments are made, or by interruption in the availability of the unit or the common elements for any reason whatsoever. No unit owner may be excused from payment of his share of the common expenses unless all unit owners are likewise proportionately excused from payment, except as otherwise provided in Section 20.3 below as to certain first mortgagees.
- 10.6 Application of Payments: Failure to Pay: Interest. Assessments and installments thereon paid on or before ten (10) days after the date due shall not bear interest, but all sums not so paid shall bear interest at the highest rate allowed by law, calculated from the date due until paid. The Association may also impose a late payment fee (in addition to interest) to the extent permitted by law. Assessments and installments thereon shall become due, and the unit owner shall become liable for said assessments or installments, on the date established in the Bylaws or otherwise set by the Board of Directors for payment. All payments on account shall be applied first to interest, then to late payment fees, court costs and attorney's fees, and finally to delinquent assessments. No payment by check is deemed received until the check has cleared.

10.7 Acceleration. If any special assessment or installment of a regular assessment as to a unit is unpaid thirty (30) days after the due date, and a Claim of Lien is recorded, the Association shall have the right to accelerate the due date of the entire unpaid balance of the unit's assessments for that fiscal year. The due date for all accelerated amounts shall be the date the Claim of Lien was recorded in the public records. The Association's Claim of Lien shall secure payment of the entire accelerated obligation, together with interest on the entire balance, attorneys' fees and costs as provided by law; and said Claim of Lien shall not be satisfied or released until all sums secured by it have been paid. The right to accelerate shall be exercised by sending to the delinquent owner a notice of the exercise, which notice shall be sent by certified or registered mail to the owner's last known address, and shall be deemed given upon mailing of the notice, postpaid. The notice may be given as part of the notice of intent to foraclose, as required by Section 718.116 of the Condominium Act, or may be sent separately.

- 10.8 Liens. The Association has a lien on each condominium parcel securing payment of past due assessments, including interest and attorney's fees and costs incurred by the Association incident to the collection of the assessment or enforcement of the lien, whether before, during or after a lien foreclosure suit. The lien is perfected upon recording a Claim of Lien in the Public Records of Collier County, Florida, stating the description of the condominium parcel, the name of the record owner, the assessments past due and the due dates. The lien is in effect until barred by law. The Claim of Lien secures all unpaid assessments coming due prior to a final judgment of foreclosure. Upon full payment, the person making the payment is entitled to a satisfaction of the lien.
- 10.9 <u>Priority of Lien</u>. The Association's lien for unpaid assessments shall be subordinate and inferior to the lien of a recorded first mortgage, but only to the extent required by the Condominium Act, as amended from time to time. The Association's lien shall be superior to, and take priority over, any other mortgage or lien regardless of when the mortgage or lien was recorded, except as otherwise expressly provided by the Condominium Act, as amended from time to time. Any lease of a unit shall be subordinate and inferior to the Association's lien, regardless of when the lease was executed.
- 10.10 Foreclosure of Lien. The Association may bring an action in its name to foreclose its lien for unpaid assessments in the manner provided in the Condominium Act, and may also bring an action to recover a money judgment for the unpaid assessments without waiving any lien rights.
- 10.11 Certificate As To Assessments. Within fifteen (15) days after request by a unit owner or mortgagee, the Association shall provide a certificate (sometimes referred to as an "estoppel letter") stating whether all assessments and other monies owed to the Association by the unit owner with respect to the condominium parcel have been paid. Any person other than the owner who relies upon such certificate shall be protected thereby.
- 11. MAINTENANCE: LIMITATIONS UPON ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS: Responsibility for the protection, maintenance, repair and replacement of the condominium property, and restrictions on its alteration and improvement shall be as follows:

11.1 <u>Association Maintenance</u>. The Association is responsible for the protection, maintenance, repair and replacement of all common elements and association property (other than the limited common elements that are required elsewhere herein to be maintained by the unit owner). The cost is a common expense. The Association's responsibilities include, without limitation:

- (A) Electrical wiring up to the circuit breaker panel in each unit.
- (B) Rough plumbing.
- (C) All installations, fixtures and equipment located within one unit but serving another unit, or located outside the unit, for the furnishing of utilities to more than one unit or the common elements.
- (D) The entrance door to the unit and its exterior surface.
- (E) All exterior building walls, including but not limited to lanai walls, ceiling and floors.

The Association's responsibility does not include interior wall switches or receptacles, plumbing fluctures, or other electrical, plumbing or mechanical installations located within a unit and serving only that unit. All incidental damage caused to a unit or limited common elements by work performed or ordered to be performed by the Association shall be promptly repaired by and at the expense of the Association, which shall restore the property as nearly as practical to its condition before the damage, and the cost shall be a common expense, except the Association shall not be responsible for the damage to any alteration or addition made by a unit owner, nor shall the Association be responsible for repair or restoration costs if the need for the work was caused by the negligence of the owner.

- 11.2 <u>Unit Owner Maintenance</u>. Each unit owner is responsible, at his own expense, for all maintenance, repairs, and replacements of his own unit and certain limited common elements. The owner's responsibilities include, without limitation:
 - (A) Maintenance, repair and replacement of screens, windows and window glass.
 - (B) The interior surface of the entrance doors to the units.
 - (C) All other doors within or affording access to the unit.
 - (D) The electrical, mechanical and plumbing fixtures, switches, valves, drains and outlets (including connections) located partially or entirely within the unit or serving only the unit.
 - (E) The circuit breaker panel and all electrical wiring going into the unit from the panel.
 - (F) Appliances, water heaters, smoke alarms and vent fans.
 - (G) All air conditioning, and heating equipment, thermostats, ducts and installations serving the unit exclusively.

- (H) Carpeting and other floor coverings.
- (i) Door and window hardware and locks.
- (J) Shower pans.
- (K) The main water supply shut-off valve for the unit.
- (L) Other facilities or fixtures which are located or contained entirely within the unit and serve only the unit.
- (M) All interior, partition walls which do not form part of the boundary of the unit.
- 11.3 Other Unit Owner Responsibilities. The unit owner shall also have the following responsibilities:
 - (A) Balconies, Patios and Porches. Where a limited common element consists of a balcony, patio or porch area, the unit owner who has the right of exclusive use of said balcony, patio or porch area shall be responsible for the day-to-day cleaning and care of the interior surfaces of the walls, floor and ceiling bounding said area, if any; and any fixed glass and sliding glass doors in portions of the entrance way to said area, if any, and the wiring, electrical outlet(s) and fixture(s) thereon, if any, and the replacement of light bulbs. The Association is responsible for the maintenance, repair and replacement of all exterior walls of the building and the concrete slabs.
 - (B) Interior Decorating. Each unit owner is responsible for all decorating within his own unit, including painting, wallpapering, paneling, floor covering, draperies, window shades, curtains, lamps and other light fixtures, and other furnishings and interior decorating.
 - (C) Flooring. All units above the ground floor shall always have the floors covered with wall-to-wall carpeting installed over high quality padding, except carpeting is not required in kitchens, bathrooms or laundry rooms. An owner who desires to install in place of carpeting any hard-surface floor covering (e.g. marble, slate, ceramic tile, parquet) shall also install a sound absorbent underlayment of such kind and quality as to substantially reduce the transmission of noise to adjoining units, and must obtain written approval of the Board of Directors prior to any such installation. If the installation is made without prior approval the Board may, in addition to exercising all the other remedies provided in this Declaration, require the unit owner to cover all such hard-surface flooring with carpeting, or require the removal of such hard-surface flooring at the expense of the offending unit owner. No carpeting of any kind may be installed on or affixed to concrete surfaces exposed to the elements.
 - (D) <u>Window Coverings</u>. The covering and appearance of windows and doors, whether by draperies, shades, reflective film or other items, whether installed within or outside of the unit, visible from the exterior of the unit, shall be subject to the rules and regulations of the Association.

(E) <u>Broadcast Satellites and Antennae</u>. The Association shall allow a unit owner to install or add direct broadcast satellite, multichannel multipoint distribution service, television broadcast antennae or other such receptive devices to their unit or limited common elements only to the extent required by law. The Board of Directors, however, shall have the right to adopt reasonable rules, restrictions and specifications regarding the manner, place, type, size, style and color of such additions and installations to the extent allowed by law. The installation of such a device by a unit owner shall also be subject to the regulation by and approval of the Master Association.

- (F) Exterior Replacements, Additions and Installations. The Board of Directors shall have the right to adopt reasonable rules, restrictions and specifications regarding the manner, place, type, size, style and color of all replacements, additions or installations to units, limited common elements or common elements that are visible from the exterior of the condominium.
- (G) Use of Licensed and Insured Contractors. Whenever a unit owner contracts for maintenance, repair, replacement, alteration, addition or improvement of any portion of the unit or common elements, whether with or without Association approval, such owner shall be deemed to have warranted to the Association and its members that his contractor(s) are properly licensed and fully insured, and that the owner will be financially responsible for any resulting damage to persons or property not paid by the contractor's insurance.
- 11.4 Alteration of Units or Common Elements by Unit Owners. No owner shall make or permit the making of any material alterations or substantial additions to his unit or its appurtenant limited common elements without first obtaining the written approval of the Board of Directors. which approval may be denied if the Board of Directors reasonably determines that the proposed modifications or alterations would tend to adversely affect, or in any manner be detrimental to, the Condominium in whole or in part. If any unit owner requests approval of an alteration or modification involving the removal of any interior partition, the Association may permit such removal if the partition to be removed is not a load-bearing partition and so long as the removal thereof would not materially affect or interfere with the utility services constituting common elements, if any, located therein. No owner shall cause his porch or lanai to be enclosed or cause any changes, structural or non-structural, to be made to the unit, or the installation of any electrical wiring, television or radio antenna, appliance or Jacuzzi, or in any manner change the exterior appearance of any portion of the Condominium, without the prior written consent of the Board of Directors. Any glass, screen, curtain, blind, shutter, awning or other item which may be installed on any porch or lanai is subject to regulation by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors may revoke or rescind the Association's approval of an alteration or modification previously given, if it appears that the installation has had unanticipated material adverse effects on the Condominium. If a unit owner makes any modifications, installations or additions to his unit or the common elements, the unit owner, and his successors in title, shall be financially responsible for:
 - (A) Insurance, maintenance, repair and replacement of the modifications, installations or additions;
 - (B) The costs of repairing any damage to the common elements or other units resulting from the existence of such modifications, installations or additions; and

(C) The costs of removing and replacing or reinstalling such modifications if their removal by the Association becomes necessary in order to maintain, repair, replace or protect other parts of the condominium property for which the Association is responsible.

Any glass, screen, curtain, blind, shutter, awning, or other modifications, additions or installations which may be installed where visible from outside the unit, are subject to regulation by the Board of Directors. No owner may alter the landscaping of the common elements in any way without prior Board approval.

- 11.5 Alterations and Additions to Common Elements and Association Property. The protection, maintenance, repair, insurance and replacement of the common elements and association property is the responsibility of the Association and the cost is a common expense. Beyond this function, the Association shall make no material alteration of, nor substantial additions to, the common elements or the real property owned by the Association costing more than \$10,000 in the aggregate in any calendar year without prior approval of at least a majority of the voting interests. Alterations or additions costing less than this amount may be made with Board approval. If work reasonably necessary to protect, maintain, repair, replace or insure the common elements or association property also constitutes a material alteration or substantial addition to the common elements, no prior unit owner approval is required. The Board of Directors may, with the approval of a majority of the voting interests and as permitted by law, install humicane shutters on condominium or association property and such installation shall not be deemed a material alteration of the common elements. The installation, replacement and maintenance of such approved humicane shutters shall be an Association expense.
- 11.6 Enforcement of Maintenance. If after reasonable notice the owner of a unit fails to maintain the unit or its appurtenant limited common elements as required above, the Association may institute legal proceedings to enforce compliance, or may take any and all other lawful actions to remedy such violation, including but not limited to, entering the unit, with or without notice to or consent of the tenant or unit owner, to repair, replace, or maintain any item which in the reasonable judgment of the Board of Directors may constitute a health or safety hazard to other property or residents. Any expenses incurred by the Association in performing work within the unit as authorized by this Declaration shall be charged to the unit owner, together with reasonable attorney's fees and other expenses or collection, if any.
- 11.7 Negligence: Damage Caused by Condition in Unit. The owner of each unit shall be liable for the expenses of any maintenance, repair or replacement of common elements, other units, or personal property made necessary by his act or negligence, or by that of any member of his family or his quests, employees, agents, or tenants. Each unit owner has a duty to maintain his unit, any limited common element appurtenant to the unit (except those limited common elements required to be maintained by the Association, as provided in Section 8.1), and personal property therein, in such a manner as to prevent foreseeable and reasonably preventable damage to other units, the common elements or the property of other owners and residents. If any condition, defect or malfunction, resulting from the owner's failure to perform this duty causes damage to other units, the common elements, association property or property within other units, the owner of the offending unit shall be liable to the person or entity responsible for repairing the darnaged property for all costs of repair or replacement not paid by insurance. If one or more of the units involved is not occupied at the time the damage is discovered, the Association may enter the unit without prior notice to the owner and take reasonable action to mitigate damage or prevent its spread. The Association may, but is not obligated to, repair the damage with the prior consent of the owner.

- 11.8 Association's Access to Units. The Association has an irrevocable right of access to the units for the purposes of protecting, maintaining, repairing and replacing the common elements or portions of a unit to be maintained by the Association under this Declaration, and as necessary to prevent damage to one or more units. The Association's right of access includes, without limitation, entry for purposes of pest control and preventive maintenance of safety equipment such as smoke alarms as well as the right, but not the duty, to enter under circumstances where the health or safety of residents may be endangered. The exercise of the Association's rights of access to the unit shall be accomplished with due respect for the rights of occupants to privacy and freedom from unreasonable annoyance, as well as with appropriate precautions to protect the personal property within the unit. The Association may retain a pass-key to all units. If it does, no unit owner shall alter any lock, nor install a new lock, which prevents access when the unit is unoccupied, unless the unit owner provides the Association with a key. If the Association is not provided with a key to the unit, the owner shall pay all costs incurred by the Association in gaining entrance to his unit, and also shall be responsible for any damage done to his unit in gaining entrance thereto, and shall also be liable for any damage resulting from delay in gaining entrance to his unit caused by the unavailability of a key.
- 11.9 Pest Control. The Association may supply pest control services for the inside of each unit, with the cost thereof being part of the common expenses. An owner has the option to decline such service unless the Association determines that such service is necessary for the protection of the balance of the Condominium, in which event the owner thereof must either permit the Association's pest control company to enter his unit or must employ a licensed pest control company to enter his unit on a regular basis to perform pest control services and furnish written evidence thereof to the Association. Because the cost of pest control service provided by the Association is part of the common expenses, the election of an owner not to use such service shall not reduce the owner's assessments.
- 12. <u>USE RESTRICTIONS</u>: The use of the condominium property shall be in accordance with the following provisions:
- 12.1 <u>Units</u>. Each unit shall be occupied by only one family at any time, as a residence and for no other purpose. No business or commercial activity shall be conducted in or from any unit. The use of a unit as a public lodging establishment shall be deemed a business or commercial use. This restriction shall not be construed to prohibit any owner from maintaining a personal or professional library, from keeping his personal, business or professional records in his unit, or from handling his personal, business or professional telephone calls or written correspondence in and from his unit. Such uses are expressly declared customarily incident to residential use.
- 12.2 <u>Maximum Occupancy in Units</u>. No more than six (6) persons may occupy a unit at any time. See also Section 13.3 dealing with the occupancy of leased units.
- 12.3 Occupancy in Absence of Owner. If the owner and his family who permanently reside with him are absent from the unit and are not occupying it, and the unit has not been leased, the owner may permit his unit to be occupied by other relatives or guests. The Board of Directors may require the unit owner to register such occupants prior to their arrival.

12.4 Occupancy When Owner is Present. There is no restriction on the number of guests, whether related or unrelated to the owner, who may occupy the unit together with the unit owner, so long as the unit is not occupied by more than six (6) persons at any time.

- 12.5 <u>Minors</u>. All occupants under eighteen (18) years of age shall be closely supervised at all times by an adult to insure that they do not become a source of unreasonable annoyance to other residents.
- 12.6 Pets. The owner of each unit, while in residence, may keep one (1) small pet, of a normal domesticated household type (such as a cat or dog) in the unit. The pet must be carried under the owner's arm or be leashed at all times while on the condominium property outside of the unit. The ability to keep such a pet is a privilege, not a right, and the Board of Directors is empowered to order and enforce the removal of any pet which becomes a source of unreasonable annoyance to other residents of the Condominium. No pets of any kind are permitted in leased units. No reptiles, rodents, amphibians, poultry or livestock may be kept in the Condominium. No pets are allowed in any unit unless the unit owner is in residence.
- 12.7 <u>Vehicles/Parking</u>. Only passenger vehicles typically used for the transportation of people and their parsonal belongings shall be parked on the condominium property.
 - (A) Restricted Vehicles. No commercial vehicles, trucks, pick-up trucks (capped or uncapped), boats, trailers, mobile homes, motor homes, recreational vehicles, mopeds or motorcycles shall be parked on the condominium property. Vans may be parked on the condominium property so long as the van is intended for use as a passenger vehicle, for personal nonbusiness purposes and the van has windows on both side panels and is equipped with seating throughout.
 - (B) Exception. Notwithstanding the foregoing, restricted vehicles may be temporarily parked on the condominium property for loading and unloading and for the provision of commercial services to the Association, unit owners or approved tenants during business hours.
 - (C) Other Restrictions. The Board may in its discretion further regulate the parking on the condominium property, including but not limited to regulation of the use of guest parking spaces and vehicle covers, so long as the further regulations do not conflict with the condominium documents.
- 12.8 Nulsances. No owner shall use his unit, or permit it to be used, in any manner which constitutes or causes an unreasonable amount of annoyance or nuisance to the occupant of another unit, or which would not be consistent with the maintenance of the highest standards for a first class residential condominium, nor permit the premises to be used in a disorderly or unlawful way. The use of each unit shall be consistent with existing laws and the condominium documents, and occupants shall at all times conduct themselves in a peaceful and orderly manner.
- 12.9 <u>Signs</u>. No person may post or display "For Sale", "For Rent" or other similar signs anywhere within the Condominium or on the condominium property. "Open House" signs, however, may be posted or displayed in accordance with the restrictions promulgated by the Master Association during reasonable hours, while the unit is actually open for inspection by potential purchasers and while the unit is attended to by the owner or the owner's agent.

12.10 Use of Common Elements. Common hallways, stairways and other common elements shall not be obstructed, littered, defaced or misused in any manner. Balconies, patios, porches, walkways and stairways shall be used only for the purposes intended, and they shall not be used for hanging or drying clothing, for outdoor cooking, for cleaning of rugs or other household items, or for storage of bicycles or other personal property.

13. <u>LEASING OF UNITS</u>: In order to foster a stable residential community and prevent a motel-like atmosphere, the leasing of units by their owners shall be restricted as provided in this section. All leases of units must be in writing. A unit owner may lease only his entire unit, and then only in accordance with this Section, after receiving the approval of the Association. The lessee must be a natural person.

13.1 Procedures.

- (A) Notice by the Unit Owner. An owner intending to lease his unit shall give to the Board of Directors or its designee written notice of such intention at least fifteen (15) business days prior to the first day of occupancy under the lease together with the name and address of the proposed lessee, a fully executed copy of the proposed lease, and such other information as the Board may reasonably require. The Board may require a personal interview with any lessee and his spouse, if any, as a precondition to approval.
- (B) <u>Board Action</u>. After the required notice and all information or interviews requested have been provided, the Board shall have fifteen (15) business days in which to approve or disapprove the proposed lease. If the Board neither approves nor disapproves within that time, its failure to act shall be deemed the equivalent of approval, and on demand the Board shall issue a written letter of approval to the lesses.
- (C) <u>Disapproval</u>. A proposed lease shall be disapproved only if a majority of the whole Board so votes, and in such case the lease shall not be made. Appropriate grounds for disapproval shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - (1) the unit owner is delinquent in the payment of assessments at the time the application is considered;
 - (2) the unit owner has a history of leasing his unit without obtaining approval, or leasing to troublesome lessees and/or refusing to control or accept responsibility for the occupancy of his unit;
 - (3) the real estate company or rental agent handling the leasing transaction on behalf of the unit owner has a history of screening lessee applicants inadequately, recommending undesirable lessees, or entering into leases without prior Association approval;
 - (4) the application on its face indicates that the person seeking approval intends to conduct himself in a manner inconsistent with the covenants and restrictions applicable to the Condominium;

- (5) the prospective lessee has been convicted of a felony involving violence to persons or property, a felony involving sale or possession of a controlled substance, or a felony demonstrating dishonesty or moral turpitude;
- the prospective lessee has a history of conduct which evidences disregard for the rights and property of others;
- (7) the prospective lessee evidences a strong probability of financial irresponsibility;
- (8) the lesses, during previous occupancy, has evidenced an attitude of disregard for the Association rules;
- (9) the prospective lessee gives false or incomplete information to the Board as part of the application procedure, or the required transfer fees and/or security deposit is not paid; or
- (10) the owner fails to give proper notice of his intention to lease his unit to the Board of Directors.
- (D) Failure to Give Notice or Obtain Approval. If proper notice is not given, the Board at its election may approve or disapprove the lease. Any lease entered into without approval may, at the option of the Board, be treated as a nullity, and the Board shall have the power to evict the lessee with five (5) days notice, without securing consent to such eviction from the unit owner.
- (E) <u>Applications: Assessments.</u> Applications for authority to lease shall be made to the Board of Directors on such forms and include such terms as the Board may provide from time to time. The legal responsibility for paying condominium assessments may not be delegated to the lessee.
- (F) <u>Committee Approval</u>. To facilitate approval of leases proposed during times when many of the members are not in residence, the Board of Directors may by resolution delegate its approval powers to an <u>ed hoc</u> committee, which shall consist of at least three (3) members.
- 13.2 <u>Term of Lease and Frequency of Leasing</u>. No unit may be leased for a term less that thirty (30) days. No lease may be for a period of more than one (1) year, and no option for the lease to extend or renew the lease for any additional period shall be permitted. However, the Board may, in its discretion, approve the same lease from year to year. No subleasing or assignment of lease rights by the lessee is allowed.
- 13.3 Occupancy During Lease Term. No one but the lessee, his family members within the first degree of relationship by blood, adoption or marriage, and their spouses and guests may occupy the unit. The total number of overnight occupants of a leased unit is limited to six (6) persons, except that the maximum number of occupants is four (4) in any lease with a term of three (3) months or more.

13.4 Occupancy in Absence of Lessee. If a lessee absents himself from the unit for any period of time during the lease term, his family within the first degree of relationship already in residence may continue to occupy the unit and may have house guests subject to all the restrictions in Sections 12 and 13.3 above. If the lessee and all of the family members mentioned in the foregoing sentence are absent, no other person may occupy the unit.

- 13.5 <u>Use of Common Elements and Association Property</u>. To prevent overtaxing the facilities, a unit owner whose unit is leased may not use the recreation or parking facilities during the lease term.
- 13.6 Regulation by Association. All of the provisions of the condominium documents and the rules and regulations of the Association shall be applicable and enforceable against any person occupying a unit as a lessee or guest to the same extent as against the owner. A covenant on the part of each occupant to abide by the rules and regulations of the Association and the provisions of the condominium documents, designating the Association as the owner's agent with the authority to terminate any lease agreement and evict the tenants in the event of breach of such covenant, shall be deemed to be included in every lease agreement, whether oral or written, and whether specifically expressed in such agreement or not.
- 13.7 Fees and Deposits Related to the Lease of Units. Whenever herein the Board's approval is required to allow the lease of a unit, the Association may charge the owner a preset fee for processing the application, such fee not to exceed the maximum amount allowed by law. No fee may be charged for approval of a renewal or extension of a lease with the same lessee. The Association may also require any deposits that are authorized by the Condominium Act as amended from time to time.
- 14. TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP OF UNITS. In order to maintain a community of congenial, financially responsible residents with the objectives of protecting the value of the units, inhibiting transiency, and facilitating the development of a stable, quiet community and peace of mind for all residents, the transfer of ownership of a unit shall be subject to the following provisions:

14.1 Forms of Ownership:

- (A) One Person. A unit may be owned by one natural person who has qualified and been approved as elsewhere provided herein.
- (B) Two or More Persons. Units may be owned by two or more natural persons. However, the intent of this provision is to allow flexibility in estate, tax or financial planning, and not to create circumstances where the unit may be used as short-term transient accommodations for multiple families. If the co-owners are other than husband and wife, the Board shall condition its approval upon the designation of one approved natural person as "primary occupant". The use of the unit by other persons shall be as if the primary occupant were the only actual owner. Any change in the primary occupant shall be treated as a transfer of ownership by sale or gift subject to the provisions of this Section 14. No more than one such change will be approved in any twelve (12) month period.

- (C) Ownership by Corporations, Partnerships or Trusts. A unit may be owned in trust, or by a corporation, partnership or other entity which is not a natural person, if approved in the manner provided elsewhere herein. The intent of this provision is to allow flexibility in estate, financial or tax planning, and not to create circumstances in which the unit may be used as short-term transient accommodations for several individuals or families. The approval of a trustee, or corporation, partnership or other entity as a unit owner shall be conditioned upon designation by the owner of one natural person to be the "primary occupant". The use of the unit by other persons shall be as if the primary occupant were the only actual owner. Any change in the primary occupant shall be treated as a transfer of ownership by sale or gift subject to the provisions of this Section 14. No more than one such change will be approved in any twelve (12) month period.
- (D) <u>Designation of Primary Occupant</u>. Within thirty (30) days after the effective date of this provision, each owner of a unit which is owned in the forms of ownership stated in preceding subsections 14.1(B) and (C) shall designate a primary occupant in writing to the Association. If any unit owner fails to do so, the Board of Directors may make the initial designation for the owner, and shall notify the owner in writing of its action.
- (E) <u>Life Estate</u>. A unit may be subject to a life estate, either by operation of law or by a voluntary conveyance approved under 14.2 below. In that event, the life tenant shall be the only Association member from such unit, and occupancy of the unit shall be as if the life tenant was the only owner. Upon termination of the life estate, the holders of the remainder interest shall have no occupancy rights unless separately approved by the Association. The life tenant shall be liable for all assessments and charges against the unit. Any consent or approval required of association members may be given by the life tenant alone, and the consent or approval of the holders of the remainder interest shall not be required. If there is more than one life tenant, they shall be treated as co-owners for purposes of determining voting and occupancy rights under Section 14.1(B), above.

14.2 Transfers.

- (A) Sale or Gift. No unit owner may dispose of a unit or any ownership interest in a unit by sale or gift (including agreement for deed) without prior written approval of the Brand of Directors.
- (B) Devise or Inheritance. If any unit owner acquires his title by devise or inheritance, his right to occupy or use the unit shall be subject to the approval of the Board of Directors under Section 14.3(A)(2) below. The approval shall not be denied to any devisee or heir who was the prior owner's lawful spouse at the time of death, or was related to the owner by blood or adoption within the first degree.
- (C) Other Transfers. If any person acquires title in any manner not considered in the foregoing subsections, that person shall have no right to occupy or use the unit before being approved by the Board of Directors under the procedures outlined in Section 14.3 below.

(D) To facilitate transfers proposed during times when many of the members are not in residence, the Board of Directors may by resolution delegate its approval powers to an <u>ad hoc</u> committee, which shall consist of at least three (3) members. The Chairman of the committee shall be deemed a Vice-President, and as such shall be empowered to execute Certificates of Approval on behalf of the Association.

14.3 Procedures.

(A) Notice to Association.

- (1) Sale or Gift. An owner intending to make a sale or gift of his unit or any interest therein shall give to the Board of Directors or its designee written notice of such intention at least twenty (20) business days before the intended closing date, together with the name and address of the proposed purchaser or donee, a copy of the executed sales contract, if any, and such other information as the Board may reasonably require. The Board may require a personal interview with any purchaser or donee and his spouse, if any, as a pre-condition to approval.
- (2) <u>Devise, Inheritance or Other Transfers</u>. The transfered must notify the Board of Directors of his ownership and submit a certified copy of the instrument evidencing his ownership and such other information as the Board may reasonably require. The transferee shall have no occupancy or use rights until and unless approved by the Board, but may sell or lease the unit following the procedures in this Section or Section 13.
- (3) <u>Demand</u>. With the notice required in Subsection (A)(1) above, the owner or transferee seeking approval may make a written demand that if the transfer is disapproved without good cause, the Association shall furnish an approved alternate purchaser who shall purchase the unit at the same price and upon substantially the same terms as in the disapproved sales contract, or if no contract is involved, for the fair market value of the unit determined as provided below.
- (4) Failure to Give Notice. If no notice is given, the Board of Directors, at its election, may approve or disapprove at the time it learns of the transfer. If any owner fails to obtain the Association's approval prior to selling an interest in a unit, such failure shall create a rebuttable presumption that the seller and the purchaser intend to violate the covenants of this Declaration, and shall constitute good cause for Association disapproval.
- (B) Board Action. Within twenty (20) business days after receipt of the required notice and all information or interviews requested, or not later than thirty (30) days after the notice required by paragraph (A) above is received, whichever occurs first, the Board shall approve or disapprove the transfer. If a transfer is approved, the approval shall be stated in a Certificate of Approval executed by the President or Vice-President of the Association in recordable form and delivered to the transferee. If the Board neither approves nor disapproves within the time limits as set forth above, such failure to act shall be deemed the equivalent of approval and on demand the Board shall issue a Certificate of Approval to the transferee.

(C) Disapproval.

(1) With Good Cause. Approval of the Association shall be withheld for good cause only if a majority of the whole Board so votes, after receiving a written opinion of counsel that good cause exists. Only the following may be deemed to constitute good cause for disapproval:

- (a) The person seeking approval has a record of financial irresponsibility, including without limitation prior bankruptcies, foreclosures or bad debts;
- (b) The person seeking approval has been convicted of a felony involving violence to persons or property, a felony involving possession or sale of a controlled substance, or a felony demonstrating dishonesty or moral turpitude;
- (c) The person seeking approval gives the Board reasonable cause to believe that person intends to conduct himself in a manner inconsistent with the covenants and restrictions applicable to the Condominium;
- (d) The person seeking approval has a history of disruptive behavior or disregard for the rights or property of others;
- (e) The person seeking approval has evidenced an attitude of disregard for association rules by his conduct in this Condominium as a tenant, unit owner or occupant of a unit;
- (f) The person seeking approval has failed to provide the information, fees or interviews required to process the application in a timely manner, or provided false information during the application process; or
- (g) The transaction, if a sale or gift, was concluded by the parties without having sought and obtained the prior approval required herein.
- (2) Without Good Cause. The Association's approval shall not be denied unless a majority of the whole Board so votes. If the Board disapproves without good cause, and if the owner or transferee has made the demand set forth in Section 14.3(A)(3), then within thirty (30) days after the Board meeting at which the disapproval took place, the Board shall deliver in writing to the owner (hereafter "the seller") the name of an approved purchaser who will purchase the unit at the same price, and upon substantially the same terms, as in the disapproved sales contract. If no sales contract was involved, or if the Association challenges the contract price as not being a good faith purchase price, then the purchase price shall be paid in cash, and the price to be paid shall be determined by agreement, or in the absence of agreement, shall be the fair market value determined by the arithmetic average of appraisals by two state-certified property appraisers, one selected by the seller and the other by the Association. The cost of the appraisals, and all other closing costs in cases where no sales contract is involved, shall be shared equally by the buyer and seller, except that the purchaser shall pay for his own title insurance, and all costs of mortgage financing. Real property taxes and condominium

assessments shall be prorated to the day of closing and the parties shall bear their own attorneys fees, if any. The closing shall take place not longer than sixty (60) days after the date of Board disapproval or thirty (30) days after determination of fair market value by appraisal, whichever occurs last. Failure or refusal to close by either party shall constitute a breach of contract and shall entitle the other party to seek specific performance or damages.

- (3) If the Board fails to deliver the name of the approved purchaser within thirty (30) days as required above, then the original proposed purchaser shall be deemed to be approved, despite the Board's former disapproval, and upon demand a Certificate of Approval shall be issued.
- 14.4 Exception. The provisions of Sections 14.2 and 14.3 are not applicable to the acquisition of title by a first mortgagee who acquires title through the mortgage, whether by foreclosure or deed in lieu of foreclosure.
- 14.5 <u>Unapproved Transfers</u>. Any sale or transfer which is not approved, or which is disapproved pursuant to the terms of this Declaration shall be void unless subsequently approved in writing by the Board.
- 14.6 Fees and Deposits Related to the Sale of Units. Whenever herein the Board's approval is required to allow the sale or other transfer of an interest in a unit, the Association may charge the owner a preset fee for processing the application, such fee not to exceed the maximum amount allowed by law. The Association may also require any deposits that are authorized by the Condominium Act as amended from time to time.
- 15. **INSURANCE.** In order to adequately protect the Association and its members, insurance shall be carried and kept in force at all times in accordance with the following provisions:
- 15.1 By the Unit Owner. Each unit owner is responsible for insuring his own unit, and the personal property therein; all floor, wall and celling coverings; all built-in cabinets, appliances, water heaters, air conditioning and heating equipment, and electrical fixtures that are located within the unit and required to be repaired or replaced by the owner; and all alterations, additions and improvements made to the unit or the common elements by the owner or his predecessors in title. Each unit owner is expected to carry homeowner's insurance, with endorsements for leakage, seepage and wind-driven rain, additions and alterations, and loss assessment protection, or recognize that he bears financial responsibility for any damage to his property or liability to others that would otherwise be covered by such insurance.
- 15.2 Association Insurance: Duty and Authority to Obtain. The Board of Directors shall obtain and keep in force the insurance coverage which it is required to carry by law and under the condominium documents, and may obtain and keep in force any or all additional insurance coverage as it deems necessary. The name of the insured shall be the Association and the unit owners without naming them, and their mortgagees, as their interests shall appear. To the extent permitted by law, the Association may self-insure.

- 15.3 Required Coverage. The Association shall maintain adequate insurance covering all of the buildings and the common elements as well as all association property, in amounts determined annually by the Board of Directors, such insurance to afford the following protection:
 - (A) <u>Property</u>. Loss or damage by fire, extended coverage (including windstorm), vandalism and malicious mischief, and other hazards covered by what is commonly known as an "All Risk" property contract.
 - (B) <u>Flood</u>. In amounts deemed adequate by the Board of Directors, as available through the National Flood Insurance Program.
 - (C) <u>Liability</u>. Premises and operations liability for bodily injury and property damage in such limits of protection and with such coverage as are determined by the Board of Directors, with cross liability endorsement to cover liabilities of the unit owners as a group to a unit owner.
 - (D) <u>Automobile</u>. Automobile liability for bedily injury and property damage for all owned and non-owned motor vehicles, in such limits of protection and with such coverage as may be determined by the Board of Directors.
 - (E) <u>Statutory Fidelity Bond</u>. The Association shall maintain fidelity bonding in at least the amounts required by law.
- 15.4 Optional Coverage. The Association may purchase and carry other such insurance coverage as the Board of Directors may determine to be in the best interest of the Association and unit owners. Some of the more common options include:
 - (A) Additional flood insurance.
 - (B) Broad Form Comprehensive General Liability Endorsement.
 - (C) Directors and Officers Liability.
 - (D) Medical Payments.
 - (E) Leakage, seepage and wind-driven rain.
 - (F) Worker's Compensation.
- 15.5 <u>Description of Coverage</u>. A detailed summary of the coverages included in the master policies, and copies of the master policies, shall be available for inspection by unit owners or their authorized representatives upon request.
- 15.6 <u>Waiver of Subrogation</u>. If available and where applicable, the Board of Directors shall endeavor to obtain insurance policies which provide that the insurer waives its right to subrogation as to any claim against the Association unit owners, or their respective servants, agents or guests, except for any claim based upon gross negligence evidencing reckless, willful or wanton disregard for life or property.

15.7 <u>Insurance Proceeds</u>. All insurance policies purchased by the Association shall be for the benefit of the Association, the unit owners and their mortgagees as their interests may appear, and all proceeds shall be payable to the Association. The duty of the Association shall be to receive such proceeds as are paid, and to hold the same in trust, and disburse them for the purposes stated herein and for the benefit of the unit owners and their respective mortgagees in the following shares:

- (A) Common Elements. Proceeds on account of damage to common elements shall be held in as many undivided shares as there are units, the shares of each unit owner being the same as his share in the common elements.
- (B) Units. Proceeds on account of damage within the units shall be held in undivided shares based on the prorated amount of damage within each damaged unit as a percentage of the total damage within all units.
- (C) Mortgagee. If a mortgagee endorsement has been issued as to a unit, the shares of the mortgagee and the unit owner shall be as their interests appear. In no event shall any mortgagee have the right to demand application of insurance proceeds to any mortgage or mortgages which it may hold against unit or units, except to the extent that insurance proceeds exceed the actual cost of repair or restoration of the damaged building or buildings. Except as otherwise expressly provided, no mortgagee shall have any right to participate in determining whether improvements will be restored after casualty.
- **15.8** Distribution of Proceeds. Proceeds of insurance policies received by the Association shall be distributed to or for the benefit of the unit owners in the following manner:
 - (A) Cost of Reconstruction or Repair. If the damage for which the proceeds are paid is to be reconstructed or repaired by the Association, the remaining proceeds shall be paid to defray the costs thereof. Any proceeds remaining after defraying costs shall be distributed to the beneficial owners, remittances to unit owners and their mortgages being paid jointly to them.
 - (B) Failure to Reconstruct or Repair. If it is determined in the manner elsewhere provided herein that the damages for which the proceeds are paid shall not be reconstructed or repaired, the remaining proceeds shall be distributed to the beneficial owners, remittances to unit owners and their mortgagees being payable jointly to them.
- 15.9 <u>Association as Agent.</u> The Association is hereby irrevocably appointed as agent for each unit owner to adjust all claims arising under insurance policies purchased by the Association for damage or loss to the condominium property.
- 16. <u>RECONSTRUCTION OR REPAIR AFTER CASI ALTY</u>: If any part of the condominium property is damaged by casualty, whether and how it shall be reconstructed or repaired shall be determined as follows:
- 16.1 <u>Damage to Units</u>. Where loss or damage occurs within one or more units, any Association insurance proceeds on account of the loss or damage, less the deductible, shall be distributed to the owner(s) of the damaged unit(s) in shares as provided in Section 15.7 above. The owner(s) of the damaged unit(s) shall be responsible for reconstruction and repair.

16.2 <u>Damage to Common Elements - Less than "Very Substantial"</u>. Where loss or damage occurs to the common elements, but the loss is less than "very substantial", as hereinafter defined, it shall be mandatory for the Association to repair, restore and rebuild the damage caused by the loss, and the following procedures shall apply:

- (A) The Board of Directors shall promptly obtain reliable and detailed estimates of the cost of repair and restoration, and shall negotiate and contract for repair and reconstruction.
- (B) If the proceeds of insurance and available reserves are insufficient to pay for the cost of repair and reconstruction of the common elements, the Association shall promptly, upon determination of the deficiency, levy a special assessment against all unit owners in proportion to their shares in the common elements for the deficiency. Such special assessments need not be approved by the unit owners. The proceeds from the special assessment shall be added to the funds available for repair and restoration of the property.
- 16.3 "Very Substantial" Damage. As used in this Declaration, the term "very substantial" damage shall mean loss or damage whereby three-fourths (3/4) or more of the total units are rendered uninhabitable. Should such "very substantial" damage occur then:
 - (A) The Board of Directors shall promptly obtain reliable and detailed estimates of the cost of repair and restoration.
 - (B) A membership meeting shall be called by the Board of Directors to be held not later than sixty (60) days after the Board has obtained the estimates, to determine the opinion of the membership with reference to rebuilding or termination of the Condominium, subject to the following:
 - (1) If the insurance proceeds and reserves available for the restoration and repairs that are the Association's responsibility are sufficient to cover the estimated cost thereof so that no special assessment will be required, then the Condominium shall be restored or repaired unless two-thirds (2/3) of the total voting interests shall vote for termination, or unless the then applicable zoning or other regulatory laws will not allow reconstruction of the same number and general types of units, in either of which cases the Condominium shall be terminated.
 - (2) If the insurance proceeds and reserves available for restoration and repair are not sufficient to cover the estimated cost thereof so that a special assessment will be required, then unless two-thirds (2/3) of the total voting interests vote in favor of such special assessment and against termination of the Condominium, it shall be terminated and the property removed from the provisions of the Condominium Act. If two-thirds (2/3) of the total voting interests approve the special assessment, the Board of Directors shall levy such assessment and shall proceed to negotiate and contract for necessary repairs and restoration. The proceeds from the special assessment shall be added to the funds available for repair and restoration of the property.
 - (C) If any dispute shall arise as to whether "very substantial" damage has occurred, a determination by the Board of Directors shall be binding upon all unit owners.

16.4 <u>Application of Insurance Proceeds</u>. It shall be presumed that the first monies disbursed for repair and restoration are from insurance proceeds; if there is a balance left in the funds held by the Association after the payment of all costs of repair and restoration, such balance shall be distributed to the unit owners, except as otherwise provided in Section 15.7(C) above.

- 16.5 <u>Equitable Relief</u>. In the event of damage to the common elements which renders any unit uninhabitable, and the damage is not repaired, reconstructed, or rebuilt within a reasonable period of time, the owner of the uninhabitable unit may petition a court for equitable relief, which may include a termination of the Condominium and a partition. For the purposes of this provision, it shall be presumed that repair, reconstruction or rebuilding has occurred within a reasonable period of time if substantial work is commenced within six (6) months following the damage or destruction, and is completed within nine (9) months thereafter.
- 16.6 Plans and Specifications. Any reconstruction or repairs must be substantially in accordance with the plans and specifications for the original buildings, or according to different plans and specifications approved by the Board of Directors, by the owners of at least three-fourths (3/4) of the units, and by the Primary Institutional Mortgagee, if any. Such approvals may not be unreasonable withheld. However, no change in plans and specifications shall materially reduce the interior floor space of any unit without the consent of the unit owner and his institutional mortgagee, if any.

17. CONDEMNATION:

- 17.1 Deposit of Awards with Association. The taking of all or any part of the condominium property by condomnation or eminent domain shall be deemed to be a casualty to the portion taken and the awards for that taking shall be deemed to be proceeds from insurance on account of the casualty. Even though the awards may be payable to unit owners, the unit owners shall deposit the awards with the Association; and if any fail to do so, a special charge shall be made against a defaulting unit owner in the amount of his award, or the amount of that award shall be set off against any sums payable to that owner.
- 17.2 <u>Determination Whether to Continue Condominium</u>. Whether the Condominium will be continued after condemnation will be determined in the same manner provided for determining whether damaged property will be reconstructed and repaired after a casualty.
- 17.3 <u>Disbursement of Funds</u>. If the Condominium is terminated after condemnation, the proceeds of all awards and special assessments will be deemed to be condominium property and shall be owned and distributed in the manner provided for insurance proceeds when the Condominium is terminated after a casualty. If the Condominium is not terminated after condemnation, but the size of the Condominium will be reduced, the owners of condemned units, if any, will be made whole, and any property damaged by the taking will be made usable in the manner provided below. Proceeds of awards and special assessments shall be used for these purposes and shall be disbursed in the manner provided for disbursements of funds after a casualty.
- 17.4 <u>Association as Agent.</u> The Association is hereby irrevocably appointed as each unit owner's attorney-in-fact for purposes of negotiating or litigating with the condemning authority for the purpose of realizing just compensation.

17.5 <u>Units Reduced but Habitable</u>. If the condemnation raduces the size of a unit and the remaining portion of the unit can be made habitable, the awards for the taking of a portion of that unit shall be used for the following purposes in the order stated, and the following changes shall be effected in the Condominium:

- (A) Restoration of Unit. The unit shall be made habitable. If the cost of the restoration exceeds the amount of the award, the additional funds required shall be paid by the owner of the unit.
- (8) <u>Distribution of Surplus</u>. The balance of the award, if any, shall be distributed to the owner of the unit and to each mortgagee of the unit, the remittance being made payable jointly to the owner and mortgagees.
- (C) Adjustment of Shares in Common Elements. If the floor area of a unit is reduced by the taking, the number representing the share in the common elements appurtenant to the unit shall be reduced in the proportion by which the floor area of the unit is reduced by the taking, and then the shares of all unit owners in the common elements shall be restated as percentages of the total of the numbers representing their original shares as reduced by the taking.
- 17.6 <u>Unit Made Not Habitable</u>. If the condemnation is of an entire unit or reduces the size of a unit so that it cannot be made habitable, the award for the taking of the unit shall be used for the following purposes in the order stated, and the following changes shall be effected in the Condominium:
 - (A) Payment of Award. The fair market value of the unit immediately prior to the taking shall be paid to the owner of the unit and to each mortgagee of the unit, the remittance being made payable jointly to the owner and mortgagee(s).
 - (B) Addition to Common Elements. If possible and practical, the remaining portion of the unit shall become a part of the common elements and shall be placed in condition for use by some or all unit owners in a manner approved by the Board of Directors.
 - (C) Adjustment of Shares in Common Elements. The shares in the common elements appurtenant to the units that continue as part of the Condominium shall be adjusted to distribute the ownership of the common elements among the reduced number of unit owners. This shall be done by restating the shares of continuing unit owners in the common elements as percentages of the total of the numbers representing the shares of these as they existed prior to the adjustment.
 - (D) <u>Assessments</u>. If the amount of the award for the taking is not sufficient to pay the fair market value of the condemned unit to the unit owner and to condition the remaining portion of the unit for use as a part of the common elements, the additional funds required for those purposes shall be raised by special assessment against all unit owners who will continue as owners of units after the changes in the Condominium affected by the taking. The assessments shall be made in proportion to the shares of those owners in the common elements after the changes affected by the taking.

- (E) Arbitration. If the fair market value of a unit prior to the taking cannot be determined by agreement between the unit owner and the Association within thirty (30) days after notice by either party, the value shall be determined by appraisal in accordance with the following. The unit owner, the first mortgagee, if any, and the Association shall each appoint one certified real property appraiser, who shall appraise the unit and determine the fair market value by computing the arithmetic average of their appraisals of the unit. A judgment of specific performance upon the fair market value calculated in this way may be entered in any court of competent jurisdiction. Each party shall bear the cost of his own appraiser.
- 17.7 Taking of Common Elements. Awards for the taking of common elements shall be used to make the remaining portion of the common elements usable in a manner approved by the Board of Directors. The balance of such awards, if any, shall be distributed to the unit owners in the shares in which they own the common elements after adjustment of these shares on account of the condemnation, if any. If a unit is mortgaged, the remittance shall be paid jointly to the owner and mortgagee(s) of the unit.
- 17.8 Amendment of Declaration. Any changes in units and in the common elements, in the ownership of the common elements, and in the sharing of common expenses that are necessitated by condemnation shall be accomplished by amending this Declaration in accordance with Sections 17.5 and 17.6 above. Such amendment need be approved only by the owners of a majority of the units. The consent of lien holders is not required for any such amendment.
- 18. TERMINATION: The Condominium may be terminated in the following manner:
- 18.1 <u>Agreement</u>. The Condominium may be terminated at any time by written agreement of the owners of at least ninety percent (90%) of the units.
- 18.2 "Very Substantial Damage." If the condominium suffers "very substantial damage" to the extent defined in Section 16.3 above, and it is not decided as therein provided that the Condominium will be reconstructed or repaired, the condominium form of ownership of the property in this Condominium will be terminated.
- 18.3 Certificate of Termination; Termination Trustee. The termination of the Condominium by either of the foregoing methods shall be evidenced by a Certificate of Termination, executed by the President or Vice President with the formalities of a deed, and certifying as to the facts effecting the termination. The certificate shall also include the name and address of a Florida financial institution with trust powers, or a licensed Florida attorney, who is designated by the Association to act as Termination Trustee, and shall be signed by the Trustee indicating willingness to serve in that capacity. Termination of the Condominium occurs when a Certificate of Termination meeting the requirements of this Section 15 is recorded in the Public Records of Collier County, Florida. The recording of that Certificate of Termination automatically divests the Association and all unit owners of legal title, and vests legal title in the Termination Trustee named in the Certificate of Termination, to all real and personal property which was formerly the condominium property or association property, without need for further conveyance. Beneficial title to the former condominium and association property is owned by the former unit cwners as tenants in common, in the same undivided shares as each owner previously owned in the common elements. Upon termination, each lien encumbering a condominium parcel shall be automatically transferred to the equitable share in the condominium property attributable to the

unit encumbered by the lien, with the same priority. Termination incident to a merger of this Condominium with another shall not require designation of a Termination Trustee.

- 18.4 Wind-up of Association Affairs. The termination of the Condominium does not, by itself, terminate the Association. The former unit owners and their successors and assigns shall continue to be members of the Association, and the members of the Board of Directors and the officers of the Association shall continue to have the powers granted in this Declaration, and in the Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws, including the power to levy assessments, for the purpose of maintaining and protecting the property and winding up the affairs of the Association in accordance with this Section.
- 18.5 Trustee's Powers and Duties. The Termination Trustee shall hold title to the property for the benefit of the former unit owners and their successors, assigns, heirs, davisees, mortgages and other lien holders, as their interests shall appear. If the former unit owners approve a sale of the property as provided in this Section, the Termination Trustee shall have the power and authority to convey title to the real property, and to distribute the proceeds in accordance with the provisions of this Declaration. The Termination Trustee shall also have the power and authority to liquidate the assets of the Association upon its dissolution, and to distribute the proceeds as described herein. The Termination Trustee shall be entitled to charge a reasonable fee for acting in such capacity, and such fee, and all costs and expenses incurred by the Termination Trustee in the performance of its duties, shall be paid by the Association or taken from the proceeds of the sale of the former condominium and association property, and shall constitute a lien on the property superior to any other lien until paid. The Trustee shall be entitled to indemnification by the Association from any and all liabilities and costs incurred by virtue of acting a Termination Trustee, unless such liabilities are the result of gross negligence or intentional wrongdoing. The Termination Trustee may rely upon written instructions and information provided by the officers. Directors and agents of the Association, and shall not be required to inquire beyond such information and instructions.
- 18.6 Partition; Sale. Following termination, the former condominium property and association property may be partitioned and sold upon the application of any unit owner. If following a termination, at least six (6) of the voting interests agree to accept an offer for the sale of the property, the Board of Directors shall notify the Termination Trustee, and the Trustee shall complete the transaction. In that event, any action for partition of the property shall be held in abeyance pending the sale, and upon the consummation of the sale shall be discontinued by all parties thereto. If the unit owners have not authorized a sale of the former condominium and association property within one year after the recording of the Certificate of Termination, the Trustee may proceed to sell the property without agreement by the former unit owners. The proceeds of the sale of any of the property or assets of the Association shall be distributed by the Termination Trustee to the beneficial owners thereof, as their interests shall appear.
- 18.7 Provisions Survive Termination. The provisions of this Section 18 are covenants running with the land, and shall survive the termination of the Condominium until all matters covered by those provisions have been completed. The Board of Directors shall continue to function in accordance with the Bylaws and Articles of Incorporation, and shall have the power to levy assessments to pay the costs and expenses of maintaining the property until it is sold. The costs of termination, the fees and expenses of the Termination Trustee, as well as post-termination costs of maintaining the former condominium property, are common expenses, the payment of which is secured by a lien on the beneficial interest owned by each former unit owner, which to the maximum extent permitted by law, shall be superior to, and take priority over, all other liens.

19. ENFORCEMENT:

19.1 <u>Duty to Comply: Right to Sue.</u> Each unit owner, his tenants and guests, and the Association shall be governed by and shall comply with the provisions of the Condominium Act, the condominium documents and the rules and regulations of the Association. Actions for damages or for injunctive relief, or both, for failure to comply may be brought by the Association or by a unit owner against:

- (A) The Association:
- (B) A unit owner.
- (C) Anyone who occupies or is a tenant or guest in a unit; or
- (D) Any member of the Board of Directors who willfully and knowingly fails to comply with these provisions.
- 19.2 Waiver of Rights. The failure of the Association or any member to enforce a right, provision, covenant or condition which may be granted by the condominium documents shall not constitute a waiver of the right of the Association or member to enforce such right, provision, covenant or condition in the future. A provision of the Condominium Act may not be waived by a unit owner if the waiver would adversely affect the rights of the owner or defeat the purpose of the provision, except that unit owners or Directors may waive notice of specific meetings as provided in the Bylaws. Any written instrument or instruction given by a purchaser or unit owner to an excrow agent may be relied upon by the escrow agent, whether or not such instruction and the payment of funds thereunder might otherwise constitute a waiver of any provision of the Condominium Act or the condominium documents.
- 19.3 Attorney's Fees. In any legal proceeding arising out of an alleged failure of a guest, twoard, unit owner or the Association to comply with the requirements of the Condominium Act, the condominium documents, or the Association's rules and regulations, as they may be amended from time to time, the prevailing party shall be entitled to recover the costs of the proceeding and such attorneys fees as may be awarded by the court. Except that, the Association is precluded from recovering attorney's fees and costs resulting from a legal proceeding involving matters that were the subject of a written complaint that the unit owner filed with the Board by certified mail if the Board did not substantively respond to such complaint in a timely manner as required by law. The Board may adopt rules and regulations regarding the frequency and manner of responding to such owner inquiries.
- 19.4 <u>No Election of Remedies</u>. All rights, remedies and privileges granted to the Association or unit owners under the law and the condominium documents shall be cumulative, and the exercise of any one or more shall not be deemed to constitute an election of remedies, nor shall it preclude the party from exercising any other rights, remedies, or privileges that may be available.

20. RIGHTS OF MORTGAGEES:

20.1 <u>Approvals.</u> Written consent of the institutional mortgages of a unit shall be required for any amendment to the Declaration which would decrease the unit's share of ownership of the common elements, except as otherwise provided in Sections 17.5(C), 17.6(C) and 17.8.

- 20.2 Notice of Casualty or Condemnation. In the event of condemnation, eminent domain proceedings, or very substantial damage to, or destruction of, any unit or any part of the common elements, the record holder of any first mortgage on an affected unit shall be entitled to notice.
- 20.3 First Mortgage Foreclosure. If the mortgage of a first mortgage of record acquires title to a condominium parcel as a result of foreclosure of the mortgage, or as the result of a deed given in lieu of foreclosure, the mortgagee shall be liable only for such share of the common expenses or assessments attributable to the condominium parcel, or chargeable to the former owner of the parcel, which came due prior to the mortgagee's acquisition of title as the mortgagee shall be required to pay under the Condominium Act as amended from time to time. No acquirer of title to a condominium parcel by foreclosure, or by a deed in lieu of foreclosure, may be excused from the payment of any assessments coming due during the period of such ownership.
- 20.4 Redemption. If proceedings are instituted to foreclose any mortgage or lien on any unit, the Association, on behalf of one or more unit owners and with the permission of the mortgagee, may redeem the mortgage or lien for the amount due thereon and be thereby subrogated to all of the mortgagee's or lienor's rights of action, or the Association may purchase the unit at the foreclosure sale. Any mortgagee shall have an unrestricted, absolute right to accept title to the unit in settlement and satisfaction of the mortgage or to foreclose its mortgage in accordance with its terms, and to bid upon the unit at the foreclosure sale.
- 20.5 Right to Inspect Books. The Association shall make available to institutional mortgages requesting same current copies of the condominium documents and the books, records and financial statements of the Association. "Available" shall mean ready for inspection, upon written request, during normal business hours, or under other reasonable circumstances. Photocopies shall be provided at the expense of the person requesting them.
- 20.6 Financial Statement. Any institutional mortgagee is entitled, upon written request, to a copy of the financial statement of the Association for the immediately preceding fiscal year.
- 20.7 <u>Lender's Notices</u>. Upon written request to the Association, any institutional mortgages shall be entitled to timely written notice of:
 - (A) Any sixty (60) day or longer delinquency in the payment of assessments or charges owed by the owner of any unit on which it holds a mortgage.
 - (B) A lapse, cancellation, or material modification of any insurance policy or fidelity bond maintained by the Association.
 - (C) Any proposed action that requires the consent of a specified percentage of mortgage holders.

21. <u>AMENDMENT OF DECLARATION</u>. All amendments to this Declaration shall be proposed and adopted in the following manner:

- 21.1 <u>Proposal</u>. Amendments to this Declaration may be proposed by the Board of Directors, or by written petition to the Board signed by the owners of at least one-fourth (1/4) of the units.
- 21.2 <u>Procedure</u>. Upon any amendment or amendments to this Declaration being proposed as provided above, the proposed amendment or amendments shall be submitted to a vote of the members not later than the next annual meeting for which proper notice can still be given.
- 21.3 <u>Yote Required</u>. Except as otherwise provided by law, or by specific provision of the condominium documents, this Declaration may be amended if the proposed amendment is approved by at least two-thirds (2/3) of the voting interests who are present and voting, in person or by proxy, at any annual or special meeting called for the purpose. Alternatively, amendments may be adopted without a meeting following the procedure set forth in Section 3.12 of the Bylaws.
- 21.4 <u>Certificate: Recording</u>. A copy of each adopted amendment shall be attached to a certificate that the amendment was duly adopted as an amendment to the Declaration, which certificate shall be in the form required by law and shall be executed by the President or Vice President of the Association with the formalities of a deed. The amendment shall be effective when the certificate and copy of the amendment are recorded in the Public Records of Collier County, Florida.
- 21.5 <u>Proviso</u>. No amendment may change the boundaries or size of any unit in any material fashion, materially alter or modify the appurtenances to the unit, or change the proportion or percentage by which the owner of a parcel shares the common expenses and owns the common surplus, unless all record owners of the unit, and all record owners of mortgages on such unit, consent in writing to the amendment. This provise does not apply to changes caused by condemnation or a taking by eminent domain as provided in Section 17. No amendment shall operate to unlawfully discriminate against any unit owner nor against any class of unit owners.
- 21.6 Enlargement of Common Elements. The common elements designated by this Declaration may be enlarged to add real property acquired by the Association through amendment of Exhibit "A" to this Declaration. The amendment must be approved by the procedure set forth in Section 21.5 above. The amendment divests the Association of title and vests title in the unit owners without naming them and without further conveyance, in the same proportion as the undivided shares in the common elements that are appurtenant to the units.
- 21.7 <u>Correction of Errors</u>. If there is an omission or error in this Declaration of Condominium or in other documents required by Florida law to establish the Condominium, the Association may correct the error or omission by following the procedures set forth in the Condominium Act.

22. MISCELLANEOUS

22.1 <u>Severability</u>. The invalidity or unenforceability in whole or in part of any covenant or restriction or any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase or word or other provision of this Declaration, or any recorded exhibit to this Declaration, shall not effect the remaining portions.

- 22.2 <u>Applicable Statutes</u>. The validity, application and construction of this Declaration and its recorded exhibits shall be governed by the Laws of Florida, particularly the Florida Condominium Act, as it exists on the date hereof.
- 22.3 <u>Conflicts</u>. If there is a conflict between any provision of this Declaration and the Condominium Act, the Condominium Act shall control. If there is a conflict between this Declaration and the Association's Articles of Incorporation or Bylaws, the Declaration shall control.
- 22.4 Interpretation. The Board of Directors is responsible for interpreting the provisions of this Declaration and its exhibits. Such interpretation shall be binding upon all parties unless wholly unreasonable. A written opinion rendered by legal counsel that an interpretation adopted by the Board is not unreasonable shall conclusively establish the validity of such interpretation.
- 22.5 Exhibits. There is hereby incorporated within this Declaration any materials contained in the exhibits hereto which, under the Condominium Act, are required to be part of the Declaration.
- 22.6 <u>Singular Plural and Gender</u>. Whenever the context so requires, the use of the plural shall include the singular and the plural, and the use of any gender shall be deemed to include all genders.
- 22.7 <u>Headings</u>. The headings used in the condominium documents are for reference purposes only, and do not constitute substantive matter to be considered in construing the terms and provisions of these documents.

EXHIBITS TO DECLARATION

The following exhibits were recorded on August 3, 1989, together with the Declaration of Condominium of Chardonnay at the Vineyards, a Condominium, by Declaration created on the same date, at Book 1459, Page 2319 et. seq., Public Records of Collier County, Florida. These exhibits, as previously amended to date, are hereby incorporated by reference as exhibits to the attached Amended and Restated Declaration of Condominium.

EXHIBIT "A" - LEGAL DESCRIPTION AND SURVEY OF CONDOMINIUM PROPERTY EXHIBIT "B" - SURVEY .

in addition, the following Exhibits to the original Declaration are completely amended and restated, and the Restatements are attached hereto and recorded herewith:

EXHIBIT "C" - ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION OF ASSOCIATION EXHIBIT "D" - BYLAWS OF THE ASSOCIATION

NOTE:

SUBSTANTIAL AMENDMENT OF ENTIRE ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION. FOR PRESENT TEXT SEE EXISTING ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION.

AMENDED AND RESTATED ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

OF

CHARDONNAY AT THE VINEYARDS, INC

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<u>NOTE:</u> SUBSTANTIAL AMENDMENT OF ENTIRE ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION. FOR PRESENT TEXT SEE EXISTING ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION.

AMENDED AND RESTATED ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

OF

CHARDONNAY AT THE VINEYARDS, INC

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Pursuant to Section 617.0201(4), Florida Statutes, the Articles of Incorporation of Chardonnay at the Vineyards, Inc., a Florida corporation not for profit, which was originally incorporated under the same name on February 20, 1989 are hereby amended and restated in their entirety. All amendments included herein have been adopted pursuant to Section 617.0201(4), Florida Statutes, and there is no discrepancy between the corporation's Articles of Incorporation as heretefore amended and the provisions of these Amended and Restated Articles other than the inclusion of amendments adopted pursuant to Section 617.0201(4) and the omission of matters of historical interest. The Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation of Chardonnay at the Vineyards, Inc., shall henceforth be as follows:

ARTICLE I

NAME: The name of the corporation, herein called the "Association", is Chardonnay at the Vineyards, inc., and its address is 100 Vineyards Boulevard, Naples, Florida 34119.

ARTICLE II

PURPOSE AND POWERS: The purpose for which the Association is organized is to provide an entity pursuant to the Florida Condominium Act for the operation of Chardonnay at the Vineyards, a condominium, located in Collier County, Florida.

The Association is organized and shall exist on a non-stock basis as a corporation not for profit under the laws of the State of Florida, and no portion of any earnings of the Association shall be distributed or inure to the private benefit of any member, Director or officer. For the accomplishment of its purposes, the Association shall have all of the common law and statutory powers and duties of a corporation not for profit under the laws of the State of Florida, except as limited or modified by these Articles, the Declaration of Condominium, the Bylaws or the Florida Condominium Act; and it shall have all of the powers and duties reasonably necessary to operate the Condominium pursuant to said Declaration as it may hereafter be amended, including but not limited to the following:

- (A) To make and collect assessments against members of the Association to defray the costs, expenses and losses of the Association, and to use the funds in the exercise of its powers and duties.
- (B) To protect, maintain, repair, replace and operate the condominium property.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

Exhibit "C"

- (C) To purchase insurance upon the condominium property and Association property for the protection of the Association and its members.
- (D) To reconstruct improvements after casualty and to make further improvements of the condominium property.
- (E) To make, amend and enforce reasonable rules and regulations governing the use of the common elements, and the operation of the Association.
- (F) To approve or disapprove the transfer, leasing and occupancy of units, as provided in the Declaration of Condominium.
- (G) To enforce the provisions of the Condominium Act, the Declaration of Condominium, these Articles, the Bylaws and any Rules and Regulations of the Association.
- (H) To contract for the management and maintenance of the condominium and the condominium property, and to delegate any powers and duties of the Association in connection therewith except such as are specifically required by the Declaration of Condominium to be exercised by the Board of Directors or the membership of the Association.
- (I) To employ accountants, attorneys, architects, and other professional personnel to perform the services required for proper operation of the Condominium.
- (J) To enterinto agreements, or acquire leaseholds, memberships, and other possessory, ownership or use interests in lands or facilities such as country clubs, golf courses, marinas, and other recreational facilities. It has this power whether or not the lands or facilities are contiguous to the lands of the Condominium, if they are intended to provide enjoyment, recreation, or other use or benefit to the unit owners.
- (K) To borrow money without limit as to amount if necessary to perform its other functions hereunder.

All funds and the title to all property acquired by the Association shall be held for the benefit of the members in accordance with the provisions of the Declaration of Condominium, these Articles of Incorporation and the Bylaws.

ARTICLE III

MEMBERSHIP:

- (A) The members of the Association shall be the record owners of a fee simple interest in one or more units in the Condominium, as further provided in the Bylaws.
- (B) The share of a member in the funds and assets of the Association cannot be assigned or transferred in any manner except as an appurtenance to his unit.
- (C) The owners of each unit, collectively, shall be entitled to one vote in Association matters. The manner of exercising voting rights shall be as set forth in the Bylaws.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

Exhibit "C"

ARTICLE IV

TERM: The term of the Association shall be perpetual.

ARTICLE V

BYLAWS: The Bylaws of the Association may be altered, amended, or rescinded in the manner provided therein.

ARTICLE VI

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS:

- (A) The affairs of the Association shall be administered by a Board of Directors consisting of the number of Directors determined by the Bylaws, but not less than three (3) Directors, and in the absence of such determination shall consist of three (3) Directors.
- (B) Directors of the Association shall be elected by the members in the manner determined by the Bylaws. Directors may be removed and vacancies on the Board of Directors shall be filled in the manner provided by the Bylaws.
- (C) The business of the Association shall be conducted by the officers designated in the Bylaws. The officers shall be elected each year by the Board of Directors at its first meeting after the annual meeting of the members of the Association, and they shall serve at the pleasure of the Board.

ARTICLE VII

AMENDMENTS: Amendments to these Articles shall be proposed and adopted in the following manner:

- (A) <u>Proposel</u>. Amendments to these Articles may be proposed by a majority of the Board or by written petition, signed by at least one-fourth (1/4) of the voting interests.
- (B) <u>Procedure.</u> Upon any amendment to these Articles being proposed by said Board or unit owners, such proposed amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the owners not later than the next annual meeting for which proper notice can be given.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

(C) <u>Vote Required</u>. Except as otherwise provided for by Florida law, these Articles of Incorporation may be amended by vote of a majority of the voting interests who are present and voting, in person or by proxy, at any annual or special meeting called for the purpose, or by approval in writing of a majority of the voting interests without a meeting, provided that notice of any proposed amendment has been given to the members of the Association, and that the notice contains a copy of the proposed amendment.

(D) Effective Date. An amendment shall become effective upon filing with the Secretary of State and recording a certified copy in the Public Records of Collier County, Florida.

ARTICLE VIII

INDEMNIFICATION: To the fullest extent permitted by Florida law, the Association shall indemnify and hold harmless every Director and every officer of the Association against all expenses and liabilities, including attorneys fees, actually and reasonably incurred by or imposed on him in connection with any legal proceeding (or settlement or appeal of such proceeding) to which he may be a party because of his being or having been a Director or officer of the Association. The foregoing right of indemnification shall not be available if a judgement or other final adjudication establishes that his actions or omissions to act were material to the cause adjudicated and involved:

- (A) Willful misconduct or a conscious disregard for the best interests of the Association, in a proceeding by or in the right of the Association to procure a judgement in its favor.
- (B) A violation of criminal law, unless the Director or officer had no reasonable cause to believe his action was unlawful or had reasonable cause to believe his action was lawful.
- (C) A transaction from which the Director or officer derived an improper personal benefit.

In the event of a settlement, the right to indemnification shall not apply unless the Board of Directors approves such settlement as being in the best interest of the Association. The foregoing rights of indemnification shall be in addition to and not exclusive of all other rights to which a Director or officer may be entitled.

CERTIFICATE

The undersigned, being the duly elected and acting President of Chardonney at the Vineyards, Inc., hereby certifies that the foregoing were duly proposed by the Board of Directors and were approved by at least a majority of the votes of the entire membership of the Association at a special meeting held on the 18th day of February, 1999, where a quorum was present, after due notice, in accordance with the requirements of the Articles of Incorporation for their amendment, said vote being sufficient for their amendment. The foregoing both amend and restate the Articles of Incorporation in their entirety.

Executed this 22 day of March, 1999.

CHARDONNAY AT THE VINEYARDS, INC.

BY: Aut Ve Auth,
Robert DeShetler, President

(SEAL)

STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF COLLIER



Signature of Notary Public

Print name of Notary (SEAL)

My Commission Expires: 06/18/00

NOTE: SUBSTANTIAL AMENDMENT OF ENTIRE BYLAWS. FOR PRESENT TEXT SEE EXISTING BYLAWS.

AMENDED AND RESTATED BYLAWS

OF

CHARDONNAY AT THE VINEYARDS, INC.

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NOTE: SUBSTANTIAL AMENDMENT OF ENTIRE BYLAWS. FOR PRESENT TEXT SEE EXISTING BYLAWS.

AMENDED AND RESTATED BYLAWS

OF

CHARDONNAY AT THE VINEYARDS, INC.

- 1. <u>GENERAL</u>. These are the Amended and Restated Bylaws of Chardonnay at the Vineyards, Inc., hereinafter the "Association", a corporation not for profit organized under the laws of Florida for the purpose of operating a condominium pursuant to the Florida Condominium Act. All prior Bylaws are hereby revoked and superseded in their entirety.
- 1.1 Principal Office. The principal office of the Association shall be such location within Collier County, Florida as may be determined from time to time by the Board of Directors.
- 1.2 Seal. The Association may adopt and use a corporate seal. If adopted, the seal shall be inscribed with the name of the Association, the year of its organization, and the words "Florida" and "not for profit." The seal may be used by causing it, or a facsimile of it, to be impressed, affixed, reproduced or otherwise placed upon any document or writing of the corporation where a seal may be required.
- 1.3 <u>Definitions</u>. The definitions set forth in Section 4 of the Declaration of Condominium shall also apply to terms used in these Bylaws.

MEMBERS.

- 2.1 <u>Qualifications</u>. Membership in the Association is an appurtenance to each unit. The members of the Association shall be the record owners of legal title to the units. In the case of a unit subject to an agreement for deed (a.k.a. Land Contract), the purchaser in possession shall be deemed the owner of the unit for purposes of determining voting and use rights. Membership shall become effective upon the last to occur of the following events.
 - (A) Recording in the Public Records of a deed or other instrument evidencing legal title to the unit in the member and delivery to the Association a recorded copy of such deed or other instrument.
 - (B) Approval by the Association as provided for in Section 14 of the Declaration of Condominium.
 - (C) Delivery to the Association, if required, of a written designation of a primary occupant.

Exhibit "D"

2.2 <u>Voting Interests</u>. The members of the Association are entitled to one (1) vote for each unit owned by them. The total number of possible votes (the "voting interests") is equal to the total number of units. The vote of a unit is not divisible. The right to vote may not be denied because of delinquent assessments. The right to vote shall be established as follows:

- (A) If a unit is owned by one natural person, his right to vote shall be established by the record title to the unit.
- (B) If a unit is owned jointly by two or more natural persons, that unit's vote may be cast by any one of the record owners. If two or more owners of a unit do not agree among themselves how their one vote shall be cast, that vote shall not be counted for any purpose.
- (C) If the owner of a unit is not a natural person, the vote of that unit shall be cast by the unit's primary occupant designated as set forth in Section 14.1 of the Declaration of Condominium.
- (D) If the unit is subject to an agreement for deed, the purchaser in possession shall have the right to vote as provided for in this section 2.2 (A) - (C) as may apply.
- 2.3 Approval or Disapproval of Matters. Whenever the vote of the membership is required upon any matter, whether or not the subject of an Association meeting, the manner in which the vote may be cast shall be determined by the person authorized to vote in Section 2.2 above, unless the joinder of all record owners is specifically required.
- 2.4 Change of Membership. Upon a new unit owner's membership becoming effective as provided in 2.1 above, the prior owner's membership shall automatically terminate.
- 2.5 <u>Termination of Membership</u>. Any liability or obligation of a member which arose out of or was in any way connected with ownership of a unit or membership in the Association shall survive termination of such ownership and membership.

3. MEMBERS' MEETINGS: VOTING.

- 3.1 <u>Annual Meeting</u>. There shall be an annual meeting of the members in each calendar year. The annual meeting shall be held in Collier County, Florida, each year during the month of January or February at a day, place and time designated by the Board of Directors, for the purpose of transacting any business duly authorized to be transacted by the members.
- 3.2 <u>Special Members' Meetings</u>. Special members' meetings must be held whenever called by the President or by a majority of the Directors, and may also be called by members having at least ten percent (10%) of the voting interests. A meeting is called when the person or persons calling the meeting have noticed the meeting as set forth in Section 3.3 below. The business at any special meeting shall be limited to the items specified in the notice of meeting.

3.3 Notice of Members' Meetings: Walver of Notice. Notice of all members' meetings must state the time, date, and place of the meeting, and include an agenda for the meeting. The notice must be mailed to each member at the address which appears in the official records of the Association, or may be furnished by personal delivery. The member is responsible for informing the Association of any change of address. The notice of all members' meetings must be mailed or delivered at least fourteen (14) days before the meeting. If ownership of a unit is transferred after notice has been mailed, no separate notice to the new owner is required. Attendance at any meeting by a member constitutes waiver of notice by that member unless the member objects to the lack of notice at the beginning of the meeting. A person entitled to receive such notice may waive notice of any meeting at any time, but only by written waiver. Notice of any meeting at which non-emergency special assessments may be considered shall disclose that fact and describe the nature of the proposed special assessment.

- 3.4 Notice of Annual Meeting: Special Requirements. Notice of the annual meeting together with an agenda shall be posted in a conspicuous place on the condominium property or association property for at least fourteen (14) continuous days prior to the annual meeting. The notice and agenda for the annual meeting shall also be sent by first class mail to each owner regardless of whether the second notice of election described in Section 4.3(B) below is required, and an affidavit of the officer or other person making such mailing shall be retained in the Association records as proof of mailing. Notice of the annual meeting may, alternatively, be delivered in person if a written waiver of mailing is obtained.
- 3.5 Quorum. A quorum at members' meeting shall be attained by the presence, either in person or by proxy, of persons entitled to cast at least one-third (1/3) of the voting interests.
- 3.6 <u>Vote Required</u>. The acts approved by a majority of the votes cast at a duly called members' meeting at which a quorum has been attained shall be binding upon all members for all purposes, except where a greater or different number of votes is expressly required by law or by any provision of the condominium documents.
- 3.7 Proxy Voting. Except as otherwise provided by law, any person entitled to attend and vote at a members' meeting may establish his presence and cast his vote by proxy. Proxies may not be used to elect Directors. Limited and general proxies may be used to establish a quorum. Limited proxies shall be used for votes taken to waive or reduce reserves, to waive financial statement requirements, to amend the condominium documents, and for any other matters for which the Condominium Act requires or permits a vote of the members. General proxies may be used to establish a quorum, for procedural votes, and for non-substantive amendments to proposals for which a limited proxy is being used. A proxy may be given by any person entitled to vote, but shall be valid only for the meeting for which it was originally given and any lawful adjournment of that meeting. No proxy is valid for a period longer than ninety (90) days after the date of the first meeting for which it was given. Every proxy is revocable at any time at the pleasure of the person executing it. To be valid, a proxy must be in writing, dated, signed by the person authorized to vote for the unit, specify the date, time and place of the meeting for which it is given, and the original must be delivered to the Association at or before the appointed time of the meeting or lawfully adjourned and reconvened meeting thereof. Proxyholders must be members. No proxy shall be valid if it names more than one proxyholder, but the proxyholder shall have the right, if the proxy so provides, to substitute another person to hold the proxy.

3.8 <u>Adjourned Meetings</u>. Any duly called members' meeting may be adjourned and reconvened at a later time by vote of the majority of the voting interests present, regardless of whether a quorum has been attained. Any business which might have been conducted at the meeting as originally scheduled may be conducted at the reconvened meeting.

- 3.9 Order of Business. The order of business at members' meetings shall be substantially as follows:
 - (A) Election of Directors (if necessary).
 - (B) Call of the roll and determination of quorum.
 - (C) Reading or disposal of minutes of previous members' meeting
 - (D) Reports of Officers
 - (E) Reports of Committees
 - (F) Unfinished Business
 - (G) New Business
 - (H) Adjournment
- 3.10 Minutes. Minutes of all members' meetings and meetings of the Board of Directors shell be kept in a businesslike manner and available for inspection by members or their authorized representatives and Board members at all reasonable times and for a period of seven (7) years after the meeting. Minutes must be reduced to written form within thirty (30) days after the meeting at which they were taken.
- 3.11 <u>Parliamentary Rules</u>. Roberts' Rules of Order (latest edition) shall govern the conduct of the Association meetings when not in conflict with the law, with the Declaration, or with these Bylaws. The presiding officer may appoint a Parliamentarian whose decision on questions of parliamentary procedure shall be final. Any question or point of order not raised at the meeting to which it relates shall be deemed waived.
- 3.12 Action by Members Without Meeting. Except for the holding of the annual meeting, any action required or permitted to be taken at a members' meeting may be taken by mail without a meeting if written consents or other instruments indicating approval of the proposed action are deted, signed and returned by members having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to take such action at a meeting, or majority voting interests, whichever is greater, unless a lesser vote is sufficient by law. If the requisite number of written consents is received by the Association within sixty (60) days after mailing notice of the proposed action to the members, a resolution passed by the Board of Directors on the action so authorized shall be of full force and effect as if the action had been approved by the vote of the members at a members' meeting held on the date of the Board meeting. Within ten (10) days after adopting the resolution, the Board shall send written notice of the action taken to all members who have not consented in writing. Nothing in this paragraph; shall be construed in derogation of members' rights to call a special meeting of the membership, as provided in Section 3.2 above. If the vote is taken by the method described in this Section, the list of unit owners on record with the Secretary at the time of mailing the voting material shall be the list of qualified voters.

4. <u>BOARD OF DIRECTORS</u>. The affairs of the Association shall be administered by a Board of Directors. All powers and duties granted to the Association by law, together with the condominium documents, shall be exercised by the Board, subject to approval or consent of the members only when such is specifically required.

- 4.1 Number and Terms of Service. The number of Directors which shall constitute the whole Board of Directors shall be five (5). All Directors shall be elected for staggered two (2) year terms. A Director's term will end at the annual election at which his successor is to be duly elected, unless he sooner resigns or is recalled as provided in 4.5 below. Directors shall be elected by the members as described in Section 4.3 below, or in the case of a vacancy, as provided in 4.4 below.
- 4.2 Qualifications. Each Director must be a member, the spouse of a member, a primary occupant or the spouse of a primary occupant. No more than one person may represent each unit as a Director at the same time. A person who has been convicted of a felony by any court of record in the United States and who has not had his or her right to vote restored pursuant to law in the jurisdiction of his or her residence is not eligible for Board membership.
- 4.3 <u>Annual Elections</u>. On the day of each annual election the members shall elect by written ballot as many Directors as there are regular terms of Directors expiring, unless the balloting is dispensed with as provided by law.
 - (A) First Notice: Candidates. Not less than sixty (60) days before the election, the Association shall mail or deliver, whether by separate Association mailing or included in another Association mailing or delivery including regularly published newsletters, to each member entitled to vote, a first notice of the date of the election. Any member or other eligible person desiring to be a candidate may qualify as such by giving written notice to the Association not less than forty (40) days prior to the annual election.
 - (B) Second Notice: Candidate Information Sheets. If there is more than one candidate for any seat, at least fourteen (14) days before the election, the Association shall mail or deliver a second notice of election to all members entitled to vote in the contested election, together with a ballot which shall list all qualified candidates. Upon timely request of a candidate, the Association shall include an information sheet (no larger than 8-1/2 inches by 11 inches, furnished by the candidate) with the mailing of the ballot, with the costs of mailing and copying to be borne by the Association. This notice shall be mailed together with the written notice and agenda required by Section 3.4 above.
 - (C) <u>Balloting.</u> Where balloting is required, Directors shall be elected by a plurality of the votes cast by secret ballot, provided that at least twenty percent (20%) of the eligible voters cast ballots. Proxies may not be used in the election. In the election of Directors, there shall be appurtenant to each unit as many votes for Directors as there are Directors to be elected, but no unit may cast more than one vote for any candidate, it being the intent hereof that voting for Directors shall be non-cumulative. The votes shall be broken by agreement among the candidates who are tied, or if there is no agreement, by lot, or by any other method allowed by law.

4.4 <u>Vacancies on the Board</u>. If the office of any Director becomes vacant for any reason, a successor or successors to fill the remaining unexpired term or terms shall be appointed or elected as follows:

- (A) If a vacancy is caused by the death, disqualification or resignation of a Director, a majority of the remaining Directors, though less than a quorum, shall appoint a successor, who shall hold office for the remaining unexpired term. In the alternative, the Board may choose to hold an election to fill the vacancy for the unexpired term, which election shall be held in accordance with Section 4.3 above.
- (B) A vacancy occurring as a result of a recall in which less than a majority of the Directors are recalled and removed, the vacancy(ies) may be filled by the affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining Directors, even if the remaining Directors constitute less than a quorum. No recalled Director shall be appointed by the Board to fill a vacancy. Alternatively, the Board may, by affirmative vote of a majority of the remaining Directors, even if the remaining Directors constitute less than a quorum, call and conduct an election in the manner prescribed by law to fill the vacancy(ies). Vacancies occurring as a result of a recall in which a majority or more of the Directors are recalled and removed, shall be filled by an election conducted at the special members' recall meeting in the manner prescribed by law.
- (C) If for any reason the entire Board is vacant, a special election shall be held with at least ten (10) days notice to the owners at which the members shall elect the successors to serve only until the next annual meeting. At any such election, the members may elect Directors from those eligible candidates nominated from the floor of that meeting.
- 4.5 Recall and Removal of Directors. Any or all Directors may be recalled and removed from the Board by the unit owners, with or without cause, by affirmative vote of a majority of all the voting interests, either at a special members' recall meeting or by written agreement. If more than one Director is sought to be recalled, the recall shall be voted upon soparately for each Director. A special members' recall meeting may be called by ten percent (10%) or more of the voting interests and notice thereof shall be mailed or delivered to each unit owner and delivered to the Board at least fourteen (14) days prior to the scheduled meeting. The notice shall state that the purpose of the meeting is to recall one or more Directors, shall contain the information required by law and shall be accompanied by a signature list of at least ten percent (10%) of the voting Interests seeking the recall. The special members' meeting must be held not more than sixty (60) days from the date that notice of the meeting is given and shall be conducted in the manner provided by law. If a written agreement is utilized to recall one or more Directors, said agreement shall be served on the Board by certified mail or by personal service in the manner authorized by chapter 48, Florida Statutes, and the Florida Rules of Civil Procedure. Within five (5) full business days after adjournment of the special members' recall meeting or receipt of the written agreement, the Board shall call a meeting of the Board at which it will decide whether to certify (accept) or reject the recall. The Board's course of action following its decision to certify or reject the recall shall be in accordance with governing law.

4.6 <u>Organizational Meeting</u>. The organizational meeting of a new Board of Directors shall be held within ten (10) days after every election by the members of one or more Directors. If the place and time of the organizational meeting is fixed and announced by the Directors at the meeting at which the Directors were elected, no further notice is required.

- 4.7 Other Board Meetings. Meetings of the Board may be held at such time and place in Collier County, Florida, as shall be determined from time to time by the President or a majority of the Directors. Notice of meetings shall be given to each Director, personally or by mail, telephone, facsimile, electronic mail or telegram at least forty-eight (48) hours prior to the day named for such meeting.
- 4.8 Notice to Owners. All meetings of the Board of Directors shall be open to members, except those meetings between the Board and the Association's attorney, with respect to proposed or pending litigation, when the purpose of the meeting is to seek or render legal advice. A notice and agenda for each Board meeting shall be posted conspicuously on the condominium property or association property for at least forty-eight (48) continuous hours in advance of each Board meeting, except in an emergency. Except that notice of any Board meeting at which a non-emergency special assessment or an amendment of a rule regarding the use of units is to be considered for any reason shall be mailed to each owner at least fourteen (14) days before the meeting, and an affidavit of mailing shall be retained as proof of mailing. Notice of any Board meeting at which a budget will be adopted or amended shall be given as stated in Section 6.2 below. The right of owners to attend Board meetings includes the right to speak on designated agenda items, subject to reasonable rules of the Association governing the manner, duration and frequency of doing so.
- 4.9 <u>Waiver of Notice</u>. Any Director may waive notice of a meeting before, during, or after the meeting, and such waiver shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of notice. If all Directors are present at a meeting, no notice to Directors shall be required.
- 4.10 Quorum of Directors. A quorum at a Board meeting shall exist when at least a majority of all Directors are present in person at a duly called meeting. Directors may participate in any meeting of the Board, by a conference telephone call or similar communicative arrangement whereby all persons present can hear and speak to all other persons. Participation by such means shall be deemed equivalent to presence in person at a meeting. Directors may not vote or participate by proxy or by secret ballot at Board meetings, except that officers may be elected by secret ballot.
- 4.11 <u>Vote Required</u>. The acts approved by a majority of those Directors present and voting at a meeting at which a quorum exists shall constitute the acts of the Board of Directors, except when approval by a greater number of Directors is required by the condominium documents or by applicable statutes. A Director who is present at a meeting of the Board shall be deemed to have voted in favor of any action taken, unless he voted against such action or abstained from voting because of an asserted conflict of interest. The vote or abstention of each Director present on each issue voted upon shall be recorded in the minutes.

4.12 Adiourned Meetings. The majority of the Directors present at any meeting of the Board, regardless of whether a quorum exists, may adjourn the meeting to be reconvened at a specific time and date. At any reconvened meeting, provided a quorum is present, any business may be transacted that might have been transacted at the meeting originally as called.

- 4.13 The Presiding Officer. The President of the Association, or in his absence, the Vice-President, shall be the presiding officer at all meetings of the Board of Directors. If neither is present, the presiding officer shall be selected by majority vote of the Directors present.
- 4.14 <u>Compensation of Directors and Officers</u>. Neither Directors nor officers shall receive compensation for their services as such, unless such compensation is approved by at least a majority of the voting interests of the Association. Directors and officers may be reimbursed for all actual and proper out-of-pocket expenses relating to the proper discharge of their respective duties.
- 4.15 Committees. The Board of Directors may appoint from time to time such standing or temporary committees as the Board may deem necessary and convenient for the efficient and effective operation of the Condominium. Any such committee shall have the powers and duties assigned to it in the resolution creating the committee. If a committee has delegated to it the authority to bind the Association or act for and in the place of the Board, including the power to authorize the expenditure of funds, the committee shall hold its meetings and give notice of such meetings with the same formalities as required for Board meetings.

5. OFFICERS.

- 5.1 Officers and Elections. The executive officers of the Association shall be a President, and a Vice-President, who must be Directors, a Treasurer and a Secretary, all of whom shall be elected annually by a majority of the Board of Directors. Any officer may be removed with or without cause by vote of a majority of all Directors present at any meeting. Any person except the President may hold two or more offices. The Board may, from time to time, appoint such other officers, and designate their powers and duties, as the Board shall find to be required to manage the affairs of the Association.
- 5.2 President. The President shall be the chief executive officer of the Association; he shall preside at all meetings of the members and Directors, shall be ex-officio a member of all standing committees, shall have general and active management of the business of the Association, and shall see that all orders and resolutions of the Board are carried into effect. He shall execute bonds, mortgages and other contracts requiring seal of the Association, except where such are permitted by law to be otherwise signed and executed, and the power to execute is delegated by the Board of Directors to some other officer or agent of the Association.
- 5.3 <u>Vice-Presidents</u>. The Vice-Presidents, in the order of their seniority shall, in the absence or disability of the President, perform the duties and exercise the powers of the President; and they shall perform such other duties as the Board of Directors shall assign.

5.4 Secretary. The Secretary shall attend all meetings of the Board of Directors and all meetings of the members and shall cause all votes and the minutes of all proceedings to be recorded in a book or books to be kept for the purpose, and shall perform like duties for the standing committees when required. He shall give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of the members and of the Board of Directors, and shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board or the President. He shall keep in safe custody the seal of the Association and, when authorized by the Board, affix the same to any instrument requiring it. The Secretary shall be responsible for the proper recording of all duly adopted amendments to the condominium documents. Any of the foregoing duties may be performed by an Assistant Secretary, if one has been designated.

- 5.5 <u>Treasurer</u>. The Treasurer shall be responsible for Association funds and securities, the keeping of full and accurate accounts of receipts and disbursements in books belonging to the Association, and the deposit of all monies and other valuable effects in the name and to the credit of the Association in such depositories as may be designated by the Board of Directors. He shall oversee the disbursement of the funds of the Association, keeping proper vouchers for such disbursements, and shall render to the President and Directors, at the meetings of the Board, or whenever they may require it, an accounting of all transactions and of the financial condition of the Association. Any of the foregoing duties may be performed by an Assistant Treasurer, if any has been designated.
- 6. <u>FISCAL MATTERS</u>. The provisions for fiscal management of the Association set forth in the Declaration of Condominium shall be supplemented by the following provisions:
- 6.1 <u>Depository.</u> The Association shall maintain its funds in federally insured accounts in financial institutions authorized to do business in the State of Florida as designated by the Board. Withdrawal of monies from such accounts shall be only by such persons as are authorized by the Board. The Board may invest Association funds in interest-bearing accounts, money market funds, certificates of deposit, U.S. Government securities, and other similar investments that may be chosen by the Board in the prudent exercise of its good business judgment and fiduciary duties.
- 6.2 <u>Budget</u>. The Board of Directors shall adopt a budget of common expenses for each fiscal year. A copy of the proposed budget and a notice stating the time, date and place of the meeting of the Board at which the budget will be adopted shall be mailed or hand delivered to the owner of each unit not less than fourteen (14) days prior to that meeting. The proposed budget shall be detailed and shall show the amounts budgeted by income and expense classifications. The Board may amend the budget during the fiscal year, provided it does so at a properly noticed meeting.
- 6.3 <u>Statutory Reserves for Capital Expenditures and Deferred Maintenance.</u> In addition to annual operating expenses, the proposed budget must include reserve accounts for capital expenditures and deferred maintenance as required by law. These accounts shall include, but are not limited to, roof replacement, building painting, and pavement resurfacing. The amount to be reserved shall be computed by a formula based upon estimated remaining useful life and replacement cost or deferred maintenance expense or replacement cost of each reserve item. These reserves shall be funded unless it is subsequently determine by a majority of the voting

Exhibit "D"

interests voting in person or by limited proxy at a duly called members' meeting to fund no reserves or less than adequate reserves for a fiscal year. The vote to waive or reduce reserves, if any is taken, may be taken only after the proposed budget has been mailed to the members as required in 6.2 above. Reserves funded under this paragraph, and all interest earned on such reserves, shall be used only for the purposes for which they were reserved, unless their use for other purposes is approved in advance by a majority vote at a duly called members' meeting called for the purpose.

- 6.4 Other Reserves. In addition to the statutory reserves provided in Section 6.3 above, or in place of them if the members so vote, the Board may establish one or more additional reserve accounts for contingencies, operating expenses, repairs, minor improvements or deferred maintenance. The purpose of these reserves is to provide financial stability and to avoid the need for special assessments on a frequent basis. The amounts proposed to be so reserved shall be shown in the proposed annual budget each year. These funds may be spent for any purpose approved by the Board.
- 6.5 Requiar Assessments. Regular annual assessments based on the adopted budget shall be paid in quarterly installments, in advance, due on the first day of January, April, July and October of each year. Written notice of each quarterly installment need not be sent to the members. Failure to send or receive such notice shall not excuse the obligation to pay. If an annual budget has not been adopted at the time the first quarterly installment for a fiscal year is due, it shall be presumed that the amount of such installment is the same as the last quarterly payment, and shall be continued at such rate until a budget is adopted and pro rate assessments are calculated, at which time any overage or shortage calculated shall be added or subtracted from each unit's next due quarterly installment.
- 6.6 Special Assessments. Special assessments may be imposed by the Board of Directors when necessary to meet unusual, unexpected, unbudgeted, or non-recurring expenses. Special assessments are due on the day specified in the resolution of the Board approving such assessments. The total of all special assessments coming due in any fiscal year shall not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the total annual budget for that year, including reserves, unless a majority of the voting interests first consent. The notice of any Board meeting at which a special assessment will be considered shall be given as provided in Section 4.8 above; and the notice to the owners that the assessment has been levied must contain a statement of the purpose(s) of the assessment. The funds collected must be spent for the stated purpose(s) or returned to the members as provided by law.
- 6.7 <u>Fidelity Bonds</u>. The President, Secretary and Treasurer, and all persons who have access and control of Association funds, including those persons who are authorized to sign checks, shall be bonded in such amounts as may be required by law or otherwise determined by the Board of Directors. The premiums on such bonds shall be a common expense.
- 6.8 <u>Financial Reports</u>. The unit owners shall be provided with annual financial reports in accordance with the following:
 - (A) if required by Section 718.111(14) of the Condominium Act, not later than ninety (90) days after the close of each fiscal year, the Board shall prepare, and shall distribute to the owners of each unit, financial statements meeting the minimum standards of

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Section 718.111(14) of the Condominium Act showing in reasonable detail the financial condition of the Association as of the close of its fiscal year, detailed by accounts. The requirements of Section 718.111(14), if applicable, may be waived for a fiscal year by a vote of the members taken during that fiscal year.

- (B) Otherwise, in accordance with Section 718.111(13) of the Condominium Act, not later than sixty (60) days after the close of each fiscal year, the Board shall distribute to all owners a financial report showing in reasonable detail the financial condition of the Association as of the close of its fiscal year, detailed by accounts, or a complete set of financial statements for the preceding fiscal year prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
- 6.9 <u>Audits.</u> A formal, certified audit of the accounts of the Association, if required by law, by vote of a majority of the voting interests, or by a majority of the Board of Directors, shall be made by a certified public accountant, and a copy of the audit report shall be available to all members.
- 6.10 Fiscal Year. The fiscal year for the Association shall begin on the first day of January of each calendar year. The Board of Directors may change to a different fiscal year in accordance with the provisions and regulations from time to time prescribed in the Internal Revenue Code of the United States of America.
- 7. <u>RULES AND REGULATIONS</u>. The Board of Directors may, from time to time, adopt and amend administrative rules and regulations governing the use, maintenance, management and control of the common elements and the operation of the Association. Copies of such rules and regulations shall be furnished to each unit owner. Any rule or regulation created and imposed by the Board must be reasonably related to the promotion of health, happiness and peace of mind of the unit owners and uniformly applied and enforced.
- 8. <u>COMPLIANCE AND DEFAULT: REMEDIES</u>. In addition to the remedies provided in Section 19 of the Declaration of Condominium, the following provisions shall apply:
- 8.1 Fines. The Board of Directors may levy fines against units whose owners commit violations of the Condominium Act, the provisions of the condominium documents or the rules and regulations, or condone such violations by their family members, guests or lessees. The fines shall be in an amount deemed necessary by the Board to deter future violations, but in no event shall any fine exceed the maximum amounts allowed by law and no fine may be levied against an unoccupied unit. The procedure for imposing fines shall be as follows:
 - (A) The party against whom the fine is sought to be levied shall be afforded an opportunity for hearing after reasonable notice of not less than fourteen (14) days, and the notice shall include:
 - (1) A statement of the date, time and place of the hearing;

- (2) A specific designation of the provisions of the Declaration, Bylaws or rules which are alleged to have been violated;
- (3) A short and plain statement of the specific facts giving rise to the alleged violation(s); and
- (4) The amount of any proposed fine.
- (B) At the hearing the party against whom the fine may be levied shall have a reasonable opportunity to respond, to present evidence, and to provide written and oral argument on all issues involved, and to review, challenge, and respond to any evidence or testimony by the Association. The hearing shall be conducted before a panel of three (3) unit owners appointed by the Board, none of whom may then be serving as Directors. If the panel, by majority vote, does not agree with the fine, it may not be levied.
- 8.2 <u>Mandatory Non-Binding Arbitration and Mediation</u>. In the event of any "dispute" as defined in Section 718.1255(1) of the Condominium Act, between a unit owner and the Association arising from the operation of the Condominium, the parties must submit the dispute to mandatory non-binding arbitration and mediation under the rules of the Division of Florida Land Sales, Condominiums and Mobile Homes prior to filing any lawsuit over the disputed matters. Nothing herein shall be construed to require arbitration and mediation of disputes related to the levy or collection of fees or assessments, the eviction or other removal of a tenant from a unit, alleged breaches of fiduciary duty by one or more directors, or claims for damages to a unit based upon the alleged failure of the Association to maintain the common elements or the condominium property.
- 8.3 Availability of Remedies. Each member, for himself, his heirs, successors and assigns, agrees to the foregoing provisions relating to default and abatement of violations regardless of the harshness of the remedy utilized by the Association and regardless of the availability of other legal remedies. It is the intent of all members to give the Association methods and procedures which will enable it to operate on a businesslike basis, to collect those monies due it and to preserve the majority's right to enjoy the condominium property free from unreasonable restraint and annoyance.
- 9. <u>AMENDMENT OF BYLAWS</u>. Amendments to these Bylaws shall be proposed and adopted in the following manner:
- 9.1 <u>Proposal</u>. Amendments to these Bylaws may be proposed by a majority of the Board or upon written petition signed by at least one-fourth (1/4) of the voting interests.
- 9.2 <u>Procedure.</u> Upon any amendment or amendments to these Bylaws being proposed by said Board or unit owners, such proposed amendment or amendments shall be submitted to a vote of the owners not later than the next annual meeting for which proper notice can still be given.

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- 9.3 <u>Vote Required</u>. Except as otherwise provided by law, or by specific provision of the condominium documents, a proposed amendment to these Bylaws shall be adopted if it is approved at least a majority of the voting interests who are present and voting, in person or by proxy, at any annual or special meeting called for the purpose, provided that notice of the proposed amendment has been given to the members in accordance with law.
- 9.4 <u>Recording: Effective Date.</u> A copy of each amendment shall be attached to a certificate that the amendment was duly adopted, which certificate shall be executed by officers of the Association with the formalities of a deed. The amendment shall be effective when the certificate and copy of the amendment are recorded in the Public Records of Collier County, Florida. The certificate must identify the book and page of the Public Records where the Declaration of Condominium was originally recorded.

10. MISCELLANEOUS.

- 10.1 <u>Gerider</u>. Whenever the masculine or singular form of a pronoun is used in these Bylaws, it shall be construed to mean the masculine, feminine or neuter; singular or plural, as the context requires.
- 10.2 <u>Severability</u>. Should any portion hereof be void or become unenforceable, the remaining provisions of the instrument shall remain in full force and effect.
- 10.3 <u>Conflict.</u> If any irreconcilable conflict should exist, or hereafter arise, with respect to the interpretation of these Bylaws and the Declaration of Condominium or Articles of Incorporation, the provisions of the Declaration or Articles of Incorporation shall prevail ever the provisions of these Bylaws.